

*The 35 Groups
of the Technician Class
Amateur Radio License
Exam
Study Guide*

for the 2014–2018 Question Pool

Duane K. Allen, N6JPO

There are about three million amateur radio operators (hams) worldwide, with more than 700,000 in the United States. Motives for becoming a ham include the following:

- Local communications, often while mobile
- Distant communications, sometimes international
- Providing community service communications, especially for emergency and disaster preparedness
- Participating in amateur radio nets, such as, daily amateur radio maritime nets
- Competing in contests
- Experimenting with radio electronics
- Socializing with other amateurs
- Achieving a deferred dream
- Accessing education opportunities and scholarships
- Establishing or continuing a family tradition of amateur radio.

Whatever your motive for getting your first amateur radio license, it is a worthwhile personal accomplishment.

The three classes of amateur radio licenses issued today are Technician, General, and Amateur Extra. This study guide is written for those getting the entry-level Technician class radio license.

In the United States, you must pass a license exam to get an amateur radio license. Morse code is no longer required for licensing.

The Technician class license exam contains 35 questions that cover the federal rules, electronics, operating practices, and safety that are associated with amateur radio. The exam questions are drawn one each from 35 groups of questions. An examinee must get 26 or more correct answers to pass the exam.

This study guide is organized by the 35 groups of questions. A bullet summary of information relevant to the group is designed to help you answer the group's questions.

Both a blank response sheet and a completed response sheet are available at the end of this study guide. Use the blank response sheet to keep track of your progress in answering all the questions that could appear on a Technician class licensing exam.

Allow time for study of each group. One group or two groups a day is a reasonable pace for self-study. This typically requires less than an hour a day.

Best wishes for success,

Duane Allen, N6JPO

Do you need to protect your home address privacy? When you take an Amateur Radio license exam, you must provide an FCC Registration Number (FRN). To obtain your FRN, the FCC registration website <https://apps.fcc.gov/coresWeb/publicHome.do> requires that you provide a contact address. The contact address that you provide becomes an FCC public record and can be viewed on-line. To protect your home address privacy, you may want to have a contact address, such as a post office box, that is different from your home address. If you are taking only the preparation course and not the license exam, you do not need an FRN.

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Group T1A – The Amateur Radio Service

Purpose

- The Amateur Radio Service **allows a person to conduct radio experiments and to communicate with other license hams around the world**
- A purpose of the Amateur Radio Service is **advancing skills in the technical and communications phases of the radio art**
- A purpose of the Amateur Radio Service is **enhancing international goodwill**

The Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

- **The FCC** regulates and enforces the rules for the Amateur Radio Service in the United States
- **Part 97** of the FCC regulations contains the rules and regulations governing the Amateur Radio Service

Definitions

- An *amateur station* is **a station in the Amateur Radio Service consisting of the apparatus necessary for carrying on radio communications**
- A *telecommand* is **a one-way transmission to initiate, modify or terminate functions of a device at a distance**
- *Telemetry* is **a one-way transmission of measurements at a distance from the measuring instrument**

Frequency Coordination

- A **frequency coordinator** is an entity (person or group) who recommends transmit/receive channels and other parameters for auxiliary and repeater stations
- A frequency coordinator is selected by **amateur operators in a local or regional area whose stations are eligible to be auxiliary or repeater stations**

Interference

- *Harmful interference* is **that which seriously degrades, obstructs, or repeatedly interrupts a radio communication service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations**
- **At no time** is willful interference to other amateur radio stations permitted
- The **Radionavigation Service** is protected from interference by amateur signals under all circumstances
- If you are interfering with a radio location station outside the United States, then you must **stop operating or take steps to eliminate the harmful interference**

Group T1A – The Amateur Radio Service

1. Which of the following is a purpose of the Amateur Radio Service as stated in the FCC rules and regulations?
 - A. Providing personal radio communications for as many citizens as possible
 - B. Providing communications for international non-profit organizations
 - C. Advancing skills in the technical and communication phases of the radio art
 - D. All of these choices are correct
2. Which agency regulates and enforces the rules for the Amateur Radio Service in the United States?
 - A. FEMA
 - B. The ITU
 - C. The FCC
 - D. Homeland Security
3. Which part of the FCC regulations contains the rules governing the Amateur Radio Service?
 - A. Part 73
 - B. Part 95
 - C. Part 90
 - D. Part 97
4. Which of the following meets the FCC definition of harmful interference?
 - A. Radio transmissions that annoy users of a repeater
 - B. Unwanted radio transmissions that cause costly harm to radio station apparatus
 - C. That which seriously degrades, obstructs, or repeatedly interrupts a radio communication service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations
 - D. Static from lightning storms
5. Which of the following is a purpose of the Amateur Radio Service rules and regulations as defined by the FCC?
 - A. Enhancing international goodwill
 - B. Providing inexpensive communication for local emergency organizations
 - C. Training of operators in military radio operating procedures
 - D. All of these choices are correct
6. Which of the following services are protected from interference by amateur signals under all circumstances?
 - A. Citizens Radio Service
 - B. Broadcast Service
 - C. Land Mobile Radio Service
 - D. Radionavigation Service
7. What is the FCC Part 97 definition of telemetry?
 - A. An information bulletin issued by the FCC
 - B. A one-way transmission to initiate, modify or terminate functions of a device at a distance
 - C. A one-way transmission of measurements at a distance from the measuring instrument
 - D. An information bulletin from a VEC
8. Which of the following entities recommends transmit/receive channels and other parameters for auxiliary and repeater stations?
 - A. Frequency Spectrum Manager
 - B. Frequency Coordinator
 - C. FCC Regional Field Office
 - D. International Telecommunications Union
9. Who selects a Frequency Coordinator?
 - A. The FCC Office of Spectrum Management and Coordination Policy
 - B. The local chapter of the Office of National Council of Independent Frequency Coordinators
 - C. Amateur operators in a local or regional area whose stations are eligible to be auxiliary or repeater stations
 - D. FCC Regional Field Office
10. What is the FCC Part 97 definition of an amateur station?
 - A. A station in the Amateur Radio Service consisting of the apparatus necessary for carrying on radio communications
 - B. A building where Amateur Radio receivers, transmitters, and RF power amplifiers are installed
 - C. Any radio station operated by a non-professional
 - D. Any radio station for hobby use
11. When is willful interference to other amateur radio stations permitted?
 - A. Only if the station being interfered with is expressing extreme religious or political views
 - B. At no time
 - C. Only during a contest
 - D. At any time, amateurs are not protected from willful interference
12. Which of the following is a permissible use of the Amateur Radio Service?
 - A. Broadcasting music and videos to friends
 - B. Providing a way for amateur radio operators to earn additional income by using their stations to pass messages
 - C. Providing low-cost communications for start-up businesses
 - D. Allowing a person to conduct radio experiments and to communicate with other licensed hams around the world
13. What is the FCC Part 97 definition of telecommand?
 - A. An instruction bulletin issued by the FCC
 - B. A one-way radio transmission of measurements at a distance from the measuring instrument
 - C. A one-way transmission to initiate, modify or terminate functions of a device at a distance
 - D. An instruction from a VEC
14. What must you do if you are operating on the 23 cm band and learn that you are interfering with a radiolocation station outside the United States?
 - A. Stop operating or take steps to eliminate the harmful interference
 - B. Nothing, because this band is allocated exclusively to the amateur service
 - C. Establish contact with the radiolocation station and ask them to change frequency
 - D. Change to CW mode, because this would not likely cause interference

Group T1B – VHF/UHF Spectrum Allocation

VHF/UHF Frequency Bands

6 meters

50 MHz	to	54 MHz
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- **52.525 MHz** is within the 6 meter band

2 meters

144 MHz	to	148 MHz
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- 146.52 MHz is within the **2 meter band**

1.25 meters

219-220	to	222 MHz	to	225 MHz
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- 223.50 MHz is within the **1.25 meter band**

70 centimeters

420 MHz	to	450 MHz
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- **443.350 MHz** is an authorized 70 cm frequency in ITU region 2.

23 centimeters

1240 MHz	to	1300 MHz
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- **1296 MHz** is an authorized 23 cm frequency.

Restricted Mode Sub-Bands

- **The 6 meter, 2 meter, and 1.25 meter bands** have mode-restricted sub-bands
- **Only CW** emission mode (Morse code) is permitted in the mode-restricted sub-bands at 50.0 to 50.1 MHz and 144.0 to 144.1 MHz
- Only the **data** emission mode may be used between 219 and 220 MHz

Transmissions Near Band Edges

- You should not set your transmit frequency to be exactly at the edge of an amateur band or sub-band for **all of the following reasons**:
 - To allow for calibration error in the transmitter frequency display
 - So that modulation sidebands do not extend beyond the band edge
 - To allow for transmitter frequency drift

International Telecommunication Union (ITU)

- The ITU is a **United Nations agency for information and communication technology issues**
- Frequency assignments for U.S. maritime mobile stations are not the same everywhere in the world because **amateur frequency assignments can vary among the three ITU regions**
- Frequency assignments for U.S. Territories may differ from those in the 50 U.S. States because **some U.S. Territories are located in ITU regions other than region 2**

Spectrum Sharing

- Because the amateur service is secondary in some portions of the 70 cm band, **U.S. amateurs may find non-amateur stations in the bands and must avoid interfering with them**

Group T1B – VHF/UHF Spectrum Allocation

What is the ITU?

- A. An agency of the United States Department of Telecommunications Management
 - B. A United Nations agency for information and communication technology issues
 - C. An independent frequency coordination agency
 - D. A department of the FCC
2. Why are the frequency assignments for some U.S. Territories different from those in the 50 U.S. States?
 - A. Some U. S. Territories are located in ITU regions other than region 2
 - B. Territorial governments are allowed to select their own frequency allocations
 - C. Territorial frequency allocations must also include those of adjacent countries
 - D. Any territory that was in existence before the ratification of the Communications Act of 1934 is exempt from FCC frequency regulations
 3. Which frequency is within the 6 meter band?
 - A. 49.00 MHz
 - B. 52.525 MHz
 - C. 28.50 MHz
 - D. 222.15 MHz
 4. Which amateur band are you using when your station is transmitting on 146.52 MHz?
 - A. 2 meter band
 - B. 20 meter band
 - C. 14 meter band
 - D. 6 meter band
 5. Which 70 cm frequency is authorized to a Technician Class license holder operating in ITU Region 2?
 - A. 53.350 MHz
 - B. 146.520 MHz
 - C. 443.350 MHz
 - D. 222.520 MHz
 6. Which 23 cm frequency is authorized to a Technician Class licensee?
 - A. 2315 MHz
 - B. 1296 MHz
 - C. 3390 MHz
 - D. 146.52 MHz
 7. What amateur band are you using if you are transmitting on 223.50 MHz?
 - A. 15 meter band
 - B. 10 meter band
 - C. 2 meter band
 - D. 1.25 meter band
 8. Which of the following is a result of the fact that the amateur service is secondary in some portions of the 70 cm band?
 - A. U.S. amateurs may find non-amateur stations in the bands, and must avoid interfering with them
 - B. U.S. amateurs must give foreign amateur stations priority in those portions
 - C. International communications are not permitted on 70 cm
 - D. Digital transmissions are not permitted on 70 cm
 9. Why should you not set your transmit frequency to be exactly at the edge of an amateur band or sub-band?
 - A. To allow for calibration error in the transmitter frequency display
 - B. So that modulation sidebands do not extend beyond the band edge
 - C. To allow for transmitter frequency drift
 - D. All of these choices are correct
 10. Which of the bands above 30 MHz that are available to Technician Class operators have mode-restricted sub-bands?
 - A. The 6 meter, 2 meter, and 70 cm bands
 - B. The 2 meter and 13 cm bands
 - C. The 6 meter, 2 meter, and 1.25 meter bands
 - D. The 2 meter and 70 cm bands
 11. What emission modes are permitted in the mode-restricted sub-bands at 50.0 to 50.1 MHz and 144.0 to 144.1 MHz?
 - A. CW only
 - B. CW and RTTY
 - C. SSB only
 - D. CW and SSB
 12. Why are frequency assignments for U.S. stations operating maritime mobile not the same everywhere in the world?
 - A. Amateur maritime mobile stations in international waters must conform to the frequency assignments of the country nearest to their vessel
 - B. Amateur frequency assignments can vary among the three ITU regions
 - C. Frequency assignments are determined by the captain of the vessel
 - D. Amateur frequency assignments are different in each of the 90 ITU zones
 13. Which emission may be used between 219 and 220 MHz?
 - A. Spread spectrum
 - B. Data
 - C. SSB voice
 - D. Fast-scan television

international waters and documented or registered in the United States

New Licenses

- New amateur radio licenses that are currently issued by the FCC are the **Technician, General, and Amateur Extra** class licenses.
- After passing the examination required for your first amateur radio license, you may operate a transmitter on an amateur service frequency **as soon as your operator/station license grant appears in the FCC's license database**
- The normal term for an FCC-issued primary station/operator license is **ten years**

License Lapse

- Following the expiration of an amateur license, there is a **two year** grace period during which the license can be renewed
- During the grace period, **transmitting is not allowed until the FCC license database show that the license has been renewed**
- If correspondence from the FCC is returned as undeliverable because the grantee failed to provide a correct mailing address, then the result may be **revocation of the station license or suspension of the operator license**

Call Signs

- A U.S. amateur call sign is a prefix, a digit, and a suffix.
 - The prefix is the letter K, W, N, or A and a possible second letter.
 - The digit is 0 through 9.
 - The suffix is one, two, or three letters.
- **W3ABC** is a valid US amateur radio station call sign
- A **special event** call sign has a single letter in both the prefix and suffix. It is a one by one call sign, that is, one letter in the prefix and one letter in the suffix.

Vanity Call Signs

- **Any licensed amateur** may select a desired call sign under the vanity call sign rules
- An example of vanity call sign available to a technician class operator is **K1XXX** but neither KA1X nor W1XX
- **Only the person named as trustee on a club station license grant** may select a vanity call sign for the club station

International

- International communications are permitted by an FCC-licensed amateur station if they are **communications incidental to the purposes of the amateur service and remarks of a personal character**
- You are allowed to operate your amateur station in a foreign country **when the foreign country authorizes it**
- In addition to places where the FCC regulates communications, an FCC-licensed amateur station may transmit **from any vessel or craft located in**

Group T1C – Licenses

- Which type of call sign has a single letter in both its prefix and suffix?
- Vanity
 - Sequential
 - Special event
 - In-memoriam
- Which of the following is a valid US amateur radio station call sign?
 - KMA3505
 - W3ABC
 - KDKA
 - 11Q1176
 - What types of international communications are permitted by an FCC-licensed amateur station?
 - Communications incidental to the purposes of the amateur service and remarks of a personal character
 - Communications incidental to conducting business or remarks of a personal nature
 - Only communications incidental to contest exchanges, all other communications are prohibited
 - Any communications that would be permitted by an international broadcast station
 - When are you allowed to operate your amateur station in a foreign country?
 - When the foreign country authorizes it
 - When there is a mutual agreement allowing third party communications
 - When authorization permits amateur communications in a foreign language
 - When you are communicating with non-licensed individuals in another country
 - Which of the following is a vanity call sign which a technician class amateur operator might select if available?
 - K1XXX
 - KA1X
 - W1XX
 - All of these choices are correct
 - From which of the following locations may an FCC-licensed amateur station transmit, in addition to places where the FCC regulates communications?
 - From within any country that belongs to the International Telecommunications Union
 - From within any country that is a member of the United Nations
 - From anywhere within in ITU Regions 2 and 3
 - From any vessel or craft located in international waters and documented or registered in the United States
 - What may result when correspondence from the FCC is returned as undeliverable because the grantee failed to provide the correct mailing address?
 - Fine or imprisonment
 - Revocation of the station license or suspension of the operator license
 - Require the licensee to be re-examined
 - A reduction of one rank in operator class
 - What is the normal term for an FCC-issued primary station/operator amateur radio license grant?
 - Five years
 - Life
 - Ten years
 - Twenty years
 - What is the grace period following the expiration of an amateur license within which the license may be renewed?
 - Two years
 - Three years
 - Five years
 - Ten years
 - How soon after passing the examination for your first amateur radio license may you operate a transmitter on an amateur service frequency?
 - Immediately
 - 30 days after the test date
 - As soon as your operator/station license grant appears in the FCC's license database
 - You must wait until you receive your license in the mail from the FCC
 - If your license has expired and is still within the allowable grace period, may you continue to operate a transmitter on amateur service frequencies?
 - No, transmitting is not allowed until the FCC license database shows that the license has been renewed
 - Yes, but only if you identify using the suffix GP
 - Yes, but only during authorized nets
 - Yes, for up to two years
 - Who may select a desired call sign under the vanity call sign rules?
 - Only licensed amateurs with general or extra class licenses
 - Only licensed amateurs with an extra class license
 - Only an amateur licensee who has been licensed continuously for more than 10 years
 - Any licensed amateur
 - For which licenses classes are new licenses currently available from the FCC?
 - Novice, Technician, General, Advanced
 - Technician, Technician Plus, General, Advanced
 - Novice, Technician Plus, General, Advanced
 - Technician, General, Amateur Extra
 - Who may select a vanity call sign for a club station?
 - Any Extra Class member of the club
 - Any member of the club
 - Any officer of the club
 - Only the person named as trustee on the club station license grant

Group T1D – Permitted and Prohibited Transmissions

Prohibited Transmissions

- FCC-licensed amateur stations are prohibited from communications with **any country whose administration has notified the ITU that it objects to such communications**
- In regards to transmissions of language that may be considered indecent or obscene, **any such language is prohibited**

Permitted Transmissions

- **During an Armed Forces Day Communications Test**, an FCC-licensed amateur station may exchange messages with a U.S. military station.
- The transmission by an amateur station of codes or ciphers that hide the meaning of a message is allowed **only when transmitting control commands to space stations or radio control craft**
- An amateur station is authorized to transmit music only **when incidental to an authorized retransmission of manned spacecraft communications**
- **Auxiliary, repeater, or space stations** are allowed to automatically retransmit the signals of other amateur stations
- An amateur station may transmit without identifying **when transmitting to control a model craft**
- Amateur stations are authorized to transmit signals related to broadcasting, program production, or news gathering **only where such communications directly relate to the immediate safety of human life or protection of property** and no other means is available.

Pecuniary Interest

- The control operator of an amateur station may receive compensation for operating the station **when the communication is incidental to classroom instruction at an educational institution**
- Amateur radio operators may use their stations to notify other amateurs of the availability of equipment for sale or trade **when the equipment is normally used in an amateur station and such activity is not conducted on a regular basis**

Broadcasting

- Broadcasting is defined as **transmissions intended for reception by the general public**
- An amateur radio station may engage in broadcasting **when transmitting code practice, information bulletins, or transmissions necessary to provide emergency communications**

Group T1D – Permitted and Prohibited Transmissions

1. With which countries are FCC-licensed amateur stations prohibited from exchanging communications?
 - A. Any country whose administration has notified the ITU that it objects to such communications
 - B. Any country whose administration has notified the ARRL that it objects to such communications
 - C. Any country engaged in hostilities with another country
 - D. Any country in violation of the War Powers Act of 1934
2. On which of the following occasions may an FCC-licensed amateur station exchange messages with a U.S. military station?
 - A. During an Armed Forces Day Communications Test
 - B. During a Memorial Day Celebration
 - C. During an Independence Day celebration
 - D. During a propagation test
3. When is the transmission of codes or ciphers that hide the meaning of a message allowed by an amateur station?
 - A. Only during contests
 - B. Only when operating mobile
 - C. Only when transmitting control commands to space stations or radio control craft
 - D. Only when frequencies above 1280 MHz are used
4. What is the only time an amateur station is authorized to transmit music?
 - A. When incidental to an authorized retransmission of manned spacecraft communications
 - B. When the music produces no spurious emissions
 - C. When the purpose is to interfere with an illegal transmission
 - D. When the music is transmitted above 1280 MHz
5. When may amateur radio operators use their stations to notify other amateurs of the availability of equipment for sale or trade?
 - A. When the equipment is normally used in an amateur station and such activity is not conducted on a regular basis
 - B. When the asking price is \$100.00 or less
 - C. When the asking price is less than its appraised value
 - D. When the equipment is not the personal property of either the station licensee or the control operator or their close relatives
6. What, if any, are the restrictions concerning transmission of language that may be considered indecent or obscene?
 - A. The FCC maintains a list of words that are not permitted to be used on amateur frequencies
 - B. Any such language is prohibited
 - C. The ITU maintains a list of words that are not permitted to be used on amateur frequencies
 - D. There is no such prohibition
7. What types of amateur stations can automatically retransmit the signals of other amateur stations?
 - A. Auxiliary, beacon, or Earth stations
 - B. Auxiliary, repeater, or space stations
 - C. Beacon, repeater, or space stations
 - D. Earth, repeater, or space stations
8. In which of the following circumstances may the control operator of an amateur station receive compensation for operating the station?
 - A. When engaging in communications on behalf of their employer
 - B. When the communication is incidental to classroom instruction at an educational institution
 - C. When re-broadcasting weather alerts during a RACES net
 - D. When notifying other amateur operators of the availability for sale or trade of apparatus
9. Under which of the following circumstances are amateur stations authorized to transmit signals related to broadcasting, program production, or news gathering, assuming no other means is available?
 - A. Only where such communications directly relate to the immediate safety of human life or protection of property
 - B. Only when broadcasting communications to or from the space shuttle
 - C. Only where noncommercial programming is gathered and supplied exclusively to the National Public Radio network
 - D. Only when using amateur repeaters linked to the Internet
10. What is the meaning of the term “broadcasting” in the FCC rules for the amateur services?
 - A. Two-way transmissions by amateur stations
 - B. Transmission of music
 - C. Transmission of messages directed only to amateur operators
 - D. Transmissions intended for reception by the general public
11. When may an amateur station transmit without identifying?
 - A. When the transmissions are of a brief nature to make station adjustments
 - B. When the transmissions are unmodulated
 - C. When the transmitted power level is below 1 watt
 - D. When transmitting signals to control a model craft
12. Under which of the following circumstances may an amateur radio station engage in broadcasting?
 - A. Under no circumstances
 - B. When transmitting code practice, information bulletins, or transmissions necessary to provide emergency communications
 - C. At any time as long as no music is transmitted
 - D. At any time as long as the material being transmitted did not originate from a commercial broadcast station

Control Operator Required

- An amateur station is **never** permitted to transmit without a control operator
- **The class of license held by the control operator** determines the transmitting privileges of an amateur station
- Under normal circumstances, a Technician Class licensee may **at no time** be the control operator of a station operating in an exclusive Extra class operator segment of the amateur bands

Designation of Control Operator

- Only **the station licensee** may designate the station control operator
- In designating a control operator, the station licensee may designate **only a person for who an amateur operator/primary station license grant appears in the FCC database or who is authorized for alien reciprocal operation**
- The FCC presumes **the station licensee** is the control operator of an amateur station, unless documentation to the contrary is in the station records
- When the control operator is not the station licensee, both **the control operator and station licensee are equally responsible** for the proper operation of the station

Types of Station Control

- An amateur station control point is **the location at which the control operator function is performed**
- When the control operator is at the control point, the control type is **local control**
- **Operating the station over the internet** is an example of remote control
- **Repeater operation** is an example of automatic control
- Operation of an APRS (Automatic Packet Reporting System) network digipeater is an example of **automatic control**

Group T1E – The Control Operator

- When is an amateur station permitted to transmit without a control operator?
 - When using automatic control, such as in the case of a repeater
 - When the station licensee is away and another licensed amateur is using the station
 - When the transmitting station is an auxiliary station
 - Never
- Who may a station licensee designate to be the control operator of an amateur station?
 - Any U.S. citizen or registered alien
 - Any family member of the station licensee
 - Any person over the age of 18
 - Only a person for whom an amateur operator/primary station license grant appears in the FCC database or who is authorized for alien reciprocal operation
- Who must designate the station control operator?
 - The station licensee
 - The FCC
 - The frequency coordinator
 - The ITU
- What determines the transmitting privileges of an amateur station?
 - The frequency authorized by the frequency coordinator
 - The class of operator license held by the station licensee
 - The highest class of operator license held by anyone on the premises
 - The class of operator license held by the control operator
- What is an amateur station control point?
 - The location of the station's transmitting antenna
 - The location of the station transmitting apparatus
 - The location at which the control operator function is performed
 - The mailing address of the station licensee
- Under what type of control do APRS network digipeaters operate?
 - Automatic
 - Remote
 - Local
 - Manual
- When the control operator is not the station licensee, who is responsible for the proper operation of the station?
 - All licensed amateurs who are present at the operation
 - Only the station licensee
 - Only the control operator
 - The control operator and the station licensee are equally responsible
- Which of the following is an example of automatic control?
 - Repeater operation
 - Controlling the station over the Internet
 - Using a computer or other device to automatically send CW
 - Using a computer or other device to automatically identify
- What type of control is being used when the control operator is at the control point?
 - Radio control
 - Unattended control
 - Automatic control
 - Local control
- Which of the following is an example of remote control as defined in Part 97?
 - Repeater operation
 - Operating the station over the Internet
 - Controlling a model aircraft, boat or car by amateur radio
 - All of these choices are correct
- Who does the FCC presume to be the control operator of an amateur station, unless documentation to the contrary is in the station records?
 - The station custodian
 - The third party participant
 - The person operating the station equipment
 - The station licensee
- When, under normal circumstances, may a Technician Class licensee be the control operator of a station operating in an exclusive Extra Class operator segment of the amateur bands?
 - At no time
 - When operating a special event station
 - As part of a multi-operator contest team
 - When using a club station whose trustee is an Extra Class operator licensee

Station Identification

- An amateur station is required to transmit its assigned call sign **at least every 10 minutes during and at the end of a communication**
- The method for a station transmitting phone signals is to **send the call sign using CW or phone emission**
- When operating in a phone sub-band, **the English language** is the acceptable language to use for station identification
- **All of the following** self-assigned indicators are acceptable when identifying using a phone transmission:
 - KL7CC stroke W3
 - KL7CC slant W3
 - KL7CC slash W3
- When identifying a station on the air as “Race Headquarters”, the type of identification is a **tactical call sign**
- If you are using tactical identifiers, you must transmit the station’s FCC-assigned call sign **at the end of each communication and every ten minutes during a communication**
- If you upgrade your license, after your call sign transmit **/KT, /AE or /AG when using new license privileges earned by CSCE while waiting for an upgrade to a previously issued license to appear in the FCC license database**

Repeaters

- A **repeater station** simultaneously retransmits the signal of another amateur station on a different channel or channels
- If a repeater inadvertently retransmit communications that violate the FCC rules, **the control operator of the originating station** is accountable

Third-Party Communications

- The FCC rules authorize the transmission of non-emergency third party communications to **any foreign station whose government permits such communications**
- When a non-licensed person is allow to speak to a foreign station, **the foreign station must be in a country with which the U.S. has signed a third-party agreement**

Club Stations

- **At least 4** persons are required to be members of a club for a club station license to be issued by the FCC

FCC Inspection

- **At any time upon request by an FCC representative**, a station licensee must make the station and its records available for FCC inspection

Group T1F – Station Identification

1. What type of identification is being used when identifying a station on the air as Race Headquarters?
 - A. Tactical call sign
 - B. An official call sign reserved for RACES drills
 - C. SSID
 - D. Broadcast station
2. When using tactical identifiers such as “Race Headquarters” during a community service net operation, how often must your station transmit the station’s FCC-assigned call sign?
 - A. Never, the tactical call is sufficient
 - B. Once during every hour
 - C. At the end of each communication and every ten minutes during a communication
 - D. At the end of every transmission
3. When is an amateur station required to transmit its assigned call sign?
 - A. At the beginning of each contact, and every 10 minutes thereafter
 - B. At least once during each transmission
 - C. At least every 15 minutes during and at the end of a communication
 - D. At least every 10 minutes during and at the end of a communication
4. Which of the following is an acceptable language to use for station identification when operating in a phone sub-band?
 - A. Any language recognized by the United Nations
 - B. Any language recognized by the ITU
 - C. The English language
 - D. English, French, or Spanish
5. What method of call sign identification is required for a station transmitting phone signals?
 - A. Send the call sign followed by the indicator RPT
 - B. Send the call sign using CW or phone emission
 - C. Send the call sign followed by the indicator R
 - D. Send the call sign using only phone emission
6. Which of the following formats of a self-assigned indicator is acceptable when identifying using a phone transmission?
 - A. KL7CC stroke W3
 - B. KL7CC slant W3
 - C. KL7CC slash W3
 - D. All of these choices are correct
7. Which of the following restrictions apply when a non-licensed person is allowed to speak to a foreign station using a station under the control of a Technician Class control operator?
 - A. The person must be a U.S. citizen
 - B. The foreign station must be one with which the U.S. has a third party agreement
 - C. The licensed control operator must do the station identification
 - D. All of these choices are correct
8. Which indicator is required by the FCC to be transmitted after a station call sign?
 - A. /M when operating mobile
 - B. /R when operating a repeater
 - C. / followed the FCC Region number when operating out of the region in which the license was issued
 - D. /KT, /AE or /AG when using new license privileges earned by CSCE while waiting for an upgrade to a previously issued license to appear in the FCC license database
9. What type of amateur station simultaneously retransmits the signal of another amateur station on a different channel or channels?
 - A. Beacon station
 - B. Earth station
 - C. Repeater station
 - D. Message forwarding station
10. Who is accountable should a repeater inadvertently retransmit communications that violate the FCC rules?
 - A. The control operator of the originating station
 - B. The control operator of the repeater
 - C. The owner of the repeater
 - D. Both the originating station and the repeater owner
11. To which foreign stations do the FCC rules authorize the transmission of non-emergency third party communications?
 - A. Any station whose government permits such communications
 - B. Those in ITU Region 2 only
 - C. Those in ITU Regions 2 and 3 only
 - D. Those in ITU Region 3 only
12. How many persons are required to be members of a club for a club station license to be issued by the FCC?
 - A. At least 5
 - B. At least 4
 - C. A trustee and 2 officers
 - D. At least 2
13. When must the station licensee make the station and its records available for FCC inspection?
 - A. At any time ten days after notification by the FCC of such an inspection
 - B. At any time upon request by an FCC representative
 - C. Only after failing to comply with an FCC notice of violation
 - D. Only when presented with a valid warrant by an FCC official or government agent

Repeater Offset

- The most common repeater frequency offset in the 2 meter band is **plus or minus 600 kHz**
- A common repeater frequency offset in the 70 cm band is **plus or minus 5 MHz**

CQ

- The procedural signal "CQ" means **calling any station**
- When responding to a station calling CQ, you should **transmit the other station's call sign followed by your call sign**
- **All of the following** guidelines apply when choosing an operating frequency for calling CQ:
 - Listen first to be sure that no one else is using the frequency
 - Ask if the frequency is in use
 - Make sure you are in your assigned band

Contacting via Repeater

- An appropriate way to call another station on a repeater if you know the other station's call sign is to **say the station's call sign then identify with your call sign**
- To indicate that you are listening on a repeater, instead of "CQ", give **your call sign**

Test Transmissions

- When making on-air transmissions to test equipment or antennas, an amateur operator must **properly identify the transmitting station**
- When making a test transmission, **station identification is required at least every ten minutes during the test and at the end of the test**

Appropriate Power

- The FCC rule regarding power levels used in the amateur bands under normal, non-distress circumstances require **while not exceeding the maximum power levels used on a given band, use only the minimum power necessary to carry out the desired communication**

Band Plans

- A band plan is a **voluntary guideline for using different modes or activities within an amateur band** that are more specific than the privileges established by the FCC
- The national calling frequency for FM simplex operations in the 70 cm band is **446.000 MHz**

Group T2A – Transmitting

- What is the most common repeater frequency offset in the 2 meter band?
 - Plus 500 kHz
 - Plus or minus 600 kHz
 - Minus 500 kHz
 - Only plus 600 kHz
- What is the national calling frequency for FM simplex operations in the 70 cm band?
 - 146.520 MHz
 - 145.000 MHz
 - 432.100 MHz
 - 446.000 MHz
- What is a common repeater frequency offset in the 70 cm band?
 - Plus or minus 5 MHz
 - Plus or minus 600 kHz
 - Minus 600 kHz
 - Plus 600 kHz
- What is an appropriate way to call another station on a repeater if you know the other station's call sign?
 - Say break, break then say the station's call sign
 - Say the station's call sign then identify with your call sign
 - Say CQ three times then the other station's call sign
 - Wait for the station to call CQ then answer it
- How should you respond to a station calling CQ?
 - Transmit CQ followed by the other station's call sign
 - Transmit your call sign followed by the other station's call sign
 - Transmit the other station's call sign followed by your call sign
 - Transmit a signal report followed by your call sign
- What must an amateur operator do when making on-air transmissions to test equipment or antennas?
 - Properly identify the transmitting station
 - Make test transmissions only after 10:00 p.m. local time
 - Notify the FCC of the test transmission
 - State the purpose of the test during the test procedure
- Which of the following is true when making a test transmission?
 - Station identification is not required if the transmission is less than 15 seconds
 - Station identification is not required if the transmission is less than 1 watt
 - Station identification is only required once an hour when the transmissions are for test purposes only
 - Station identification is required at least every ten minutes during the test and at the end of the test
- What is the meaning of the procedural signal "CQ"?
 - Call on the quarter hour
 - A new antenna is being tested (no station should answer)
 - Only the called station should transmit
 - Calling any station
- What brief statement is often transmitted in place of "CQ" to indicate that you are listening on a repeater?
 - The words "Hello test" followed by your call sign
 - Your call sign
 - The repeater call sign followed by your call sign
 - The letters "QSY" followed by your call sign
- What is a band plan, beyond the privileges established by the FCC?
 - A voluntary guideline for using different modes or activities within an amateur band
 - A mandated list of operating schedules
 - A list of scheduled net frequencies
 - A plan devised by a club to indicate frequency band usage
- Which of the following is an FCC rule regarding power levels used in the amateur bands, under normal, non-distress circumstances?
 - There is no limit to power as long as there is no interference with other services
 - No more than 200 watts PEP may be used
 - Up to 1500 watts PEP may be used on any amateur frequency without restriction
 - While not exceeding the maximum power permitted on a given band, use the minimum power necessary to carry out the desired communication
- Which of the following is a guideline to use when choosing an operating frequency for calling CQ?
 - Listen first to be sure that no one else is using the frequency
 - Ask if the frequency is in use
 - Make sure you are in your assigned band
 - All of these choices are correct

Courtesy

- When two stations transmitting on the same frequency interfere with each other, **common courtesy should prevail, but no one has absolute right to an amateur frequency**

Simplex

- **Simplex communication** describes an amateur station that is transmitting and receiving on the same frequency
- You should consider communicating via simplex **when stations can communicate directly without using a repeater**

FM and SSB Phone

- **The amplitude of the modulating signal** determines the amount of deviation of an FM signal
- When the deviation of an FM transmitter is increased, **its signal occupies more bandwidth**
- **If the microphone gain is too high, causing over-deviation** of the FM signal, then the result is interference to stations on nearby frequencies
- **SSB phone is permitted in at least some portion of all amateur bands above 50 MHz**

Squelch

- **Carrier squelch** describes the muting of receiver audio controlled solely by the presence or absence of an RF signal

Access Tones

- **CTCSS** (Continuous Tone-Coded Squelch System) describes the use of a sub-audible tone transmitted with normal voice audio to open the squelch of a receiver
- **All of the following** common problems might cause you to be able to hear but not access a repeater even when transmitting with the proper offset:
 - The repeater receiver may require audio tone burst for access
 - The repeater receiver may require a CTCSS tone for access
 - The repeater receiver may require a DCS (Digital Coded Sequence) tone sequence for access

Phonetics and Q codes

- The FCC encourages the **use of a phonetic alphabet** when identifying your station using phone
- **QRM** indicates that you are receiving interference from other stations
- **QSY** indicates that you are changing frequency

Group T2B – Phone Operations

1. What is the term used to describe an amateur station that is transmitting and receiving on the same frequency?
 - A. Full duplex communication
 - B. Duplex communication
 - C. Simplex communication
 - D. Multiplex communication
2. What is the term used to describe the use of a sub-audible tone transmitted with normal voice audio to open the squelch of a receiver?
 - A. Carrier squelch
 - B. Tone burst
 - C. DTMF
 - D. CTCSS
3. Which of the following describes the muting of receiver audio controlled solely by the presence or absence of an RF signal?
 - A. Tone squelch
 - B. Carrier squelch
 - C. CTCSS
 - D. Modulated carrier
4. Which of the following common problems might cause you to be able to hear but not access a repeater even when transmitting with the proper offset?
 - A. The repeater receiver may require an audio tone burst for access
 - B. The repeater receiver may require a CTCSS tone for access
 - C. The repeater receiver may require a DCS tone sequence for access
 - D. All of these choices are correct
5. What determines the amount of deviation of an FM (as opposed to PM) signal?
 - A. Both the frequency and amplitude of the modulating signal
 - B. The frequency of the modulating signal
 - C. The amplitude of the modulating signal
 - D. The relative phase of the modulating signal and the carrier
6. What happens when the deviation of an FM transmitter is increased?
 - A. Its signal occupies more bandwidth
 - B. Its output power increases
 - C. Its output power and bandwidth increases
 - D. Asymmetric modulation occurs
7. What could cause your FM signal to interfere with stations on nearby frequencies?
 - A. Microphone gain too high, causing over-deviation
 - B. SWR too high
 - C. Incorrect CTCSS Tone
 - D. All of these choices are correct
8. Which of the following applies when two stations transmitting on the same frequency interfere with each other?
 - A. Common courtesy should prevail, but no one has absolute right to an amateur frequency
 - B. Whoever has the strongest signal has priority on the frequency
 - C. Whoever has been on the frequency the longest has priority on the frequency
 - D. The station which has the weakest signal has priority on the frequency
9. Which of the following methods is encouraged by the FCC when identifying your station when using phone?
 - A. Use of a phonetic alphabet
 - B. Send your call sign in CW as well as voice
 - C. Repeat your call sign three times
 - D. Increase your signal to full power when identifying
10. Which Q signal indicates that you are receiving interference from other stations?
 - A. QRM
 - B. QRN
 - C. QTH
 - D. QSB
11. Which Q signal indicates that you are changing frequency?
 - A. QRU
 - B. QSY
 - C. QSL
 - D. QRZ
12. Under what circumstances should you consider communicating via simplex rather than a repeater?
 - A. When the stations can communicate directly without using a repeater
 - B. Only when you have an endorsement for simplex operation on your license
 - C. Only when third party traffic is not being passed
 - D. Only if you have simplex modulation capability
13. Which of the following is true of the use of SSB phone in amateur bands above 50 MHz?
 - A. It is permitted only by holders of a General Class or higher license
 - B. It is permitted only on repeaters
 - C. It is permitted in at least some portion of all the amateur bands above 50 MHz
 - D. It is permitted only on when power is limited to no more than 100 watts

Operations

- The **FCC rules always apply** to the operation of an amateur station
- Amateur station control operators are permitted to operate outside the frequency privileges of their license class **only if necessary in situations involving the immediate safety of human life or protection of property**
- If the commercial power is out, one way to recharge a 12-volt lead-acid station battery is to **connect the battery in parallel with a vehicle's battery and run the engine**

Organizations

- **Both RACES and ARES may provide communications during emergencies**
- The Amateur Radio Emergency Service (ARES) is **licensed amateurs who have voluntarily registered their qualifications and equipment for communications duty in the public service**
- **All of the following** describes the Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Service (RACES):
 - A radio service using amateur frequencies for emergency management or civil defense communications
 - A radio service using amateur stations for emergency management or civil defense communications
 - An emergency service using amateur operators certified by a civil defense organization as being enrolled in that organization

Networks

- The accepted practice for an amateur operator who has checked into an emergency traffic net is to **remain on frequency without transmitting until asked to do so by the net control station**
- The accepted practice to get the immediate attention of a net control station when reporting an emergency is to **begin the transmission by saying "Priority" or "Emergency" followed by your call sign**

Handling Message Traffic

- A characteristic of good emergency traffic handling is **passing messages exactly as received**
- The preamble in a formal traffic message refers to **the information needed to track the message as it passes through the amateur radio traffic handling system**
- In reference to a formal traffic message, **the "check" is a count of the number of words or word equivalents in the text portion of the message**
- To insure that voice message traffic containing proper names and unusual words are copied correctly by the receiving station, **such words and terms should be spelled out using a standard phonetic alphabet**

Group T2C – Public Service Communications

1. When do the FCC rules NOT apply to the operation of an amateur station?
 - A. When operating a RACES station
 - B. When operating under special FEMA rules
 - C. When operating under special ARES rules
 - D. Never, FCC rules always apply
2. What is one way to recharge a 12-volt lead-acid station battery if the commercial power is out?
 - A. Cool the battery in ice for several hours
 - B. Add acid to the battery
 - C. Connect the battery in parallel with a vehicle's battery and run the engine
 - D. All of these choices are correct
3. What should be done to insure that voice message traffic containing proper names and unusual words are copied correctly by the receiving station?
 - A. The entire message should be repeated at least four times
 - B. Such messages must be limited to no more than 10 words
 - C. Such words and terms should be spelled out using a standard phonetic alphabet
 - D. All of these choices are correct
4. What do RACES and ARES have in common?
 - A. They represent the two largest ham clubs in the United States
 - B. Both organizations broadcast road and weather information
 - C. Neither may handle emergency traffic supporting public service agencies
 - D. Both organizations may provide communications during emergencies
5. Which of the following describes the Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Service (RACES)?
 - A. A radio service using amateur frequencies for emergency management or civil defense communications
 - B. A radio service using amateur stations for emergency management or civil defense communications
 - C. An emergency service using amateur operators certified by a civil defense organization as being enrolled in that organization
 - D. All of these choices are correct
6. Which of the following is an accepted practice to get the immediate attention of a net control station when reporting an emergency?
 - A. Repeat the words SOS three times followed by the call sign of the reporting station
 - B. Press the push-to-talk button three times
 - C. Begin your transmission by saying "Priority" or "Emergency" followed by your call sign
 - D. Play a pre-recorded emergency alert tone followed by your call sign
7. Which of the following is an accepted practice for an amateur operator who has checked into an emergency traffic net?
 - A. Provided that the frequency is quiet, announce the station call sign and location every 5 minutes
 - B. Move 5 kHz away from the net's frequency and use high power to ask other hams to keep clear of the net frequency
 - C. Remain on frequency without transmitting until asked to do so by the net control station
 - D. All of the choices are correct
8. Which of the following is a characteristic of good emergency traffic handling?
 - A. Passing messages exactly as received
 - B. Making decisions as to whether or not messages should be relayed or delivered
 - C. Communicating messages to the news media for broadcast outside the disaster area
 - D. All of these choices are correct
9. Are amateur station control operators ever permitted to operate outside the frequency privileges of their license class?
 - A. No
 - B. Yes, but only when part of a FEMA emergency plan
 - C. Yes, but only when part of a RACES emergency plan
 - D. Yes, but only if necessary in situations involving the immediate safety of human life or protection of property
10. What is the preamble in a formal traffic message?
 - A. The first paragraph of the message text
 - B. The message number
 - C. The priority handling indicator for the message
 - D. The information needed to track the message as it passes through the amateur radio traffic handling system
11. What is meant by the term "check" in reference to a formal traffic message?
 - A. The check is a count of the number of words or word equivalents in the text portion of the message
 - B. The check is the value of a money order attached to the message
 - C. The check is a list of stations that have relayed the message
 - D. The check is a box on the message form that tells you the message was received
12. What is the Amateur Radio Emergency Service (ARES)?
 - A. Licensed amateurs who have voluntarily registered their qualifications and equipment for communications duty in the public service
 - B. Licensed amateurs who are members of the military and who voluntarily agreed to provide message handling services in the case of an emergency
 - C. A training program that provides licensing courses for those interested in obtaining an amateur license to use during emergencies
 - D. A training program that certifies amateur operators for membership in the Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Service

Electromagnetic Radiation

- **Electromagnetic** waves carry radio signals between transmitting and receiving stations
- Inside buildings, UHF signals are often more effective than VHF signals **because the shorter wavelength of UHF signals allows them to more easily penetrate the structure of buildings**
- When using a directional antenna, and if buildings or obstructions are blocking the direct line of sight path, your station may be able to access a distant repeater if you **try to find a path that reflects signals to the repeater**

Multi-Path Distortion

- If another operator reports that your station's 2 meter signals were strong just a moment ago, but now they are weak or distorted, then you should **try moving a few feet or changing the direction of your antenna if possible, as reflections may be causing multi-path distortion**
- The term **picket fencing** is commonly used to describe the rapid fluttering sound sometimes heard from mobile stations that are moving while transmitting
- The part of the atmosphere that enables the propagation of radio signals around the world is **the ionosphere**
- A likely cause of irregular fading of signals that are being received by ionospheric reflection is the **random combining of signals arriving via different paths**
- If data signals propagate over multiple paths, **error rates are likely to increase**

Antenna Polarization

- If the antennas at opposite ends of a VHF or UHF line of sight radio link are not using the same polarization, that is, both either horizontal or vertical, the **signals could be significantly weaker**
- **Horizontal** antenna polarization is normally used for long-distance weak-signal CW and SSB contacts using the VHF and UHF bands
- Because skip signals refracted from the ionosphere are elliptically polarized, **either vertically or horizontally polarized antennas may be used for transmission or reception**

Group T3A – Practical Propagation

1. What should you do if another operator reports that your station's 2 meter signals were strong just a moment ago, but now they are weak or distorted?
 - A. Change the batteries in your radio to a different type
 - B. Turn on the CTCSS tone
 - C. Ask the other operator to adjust his squelch control
 - D. Try moving a few feet or changing the direction of your antenna if possible, as reflections may be causing multi-path distortion
2. Why are UHF signals often more effective from inside buildings than VHF signals?
 - A. VHF signals lose power faster over distance
 - B. The shorter wavelength allows them to more easily penetrate the structure of buildings
 - C. This is incorrect; VHF works better than UHF inside buildings
 - D. UHF antennas are more efficient than VHF antennas
3. What antenna polarization is normally used for long-distance weak-signal CW and SSB contacts using the VHF and UHF bands?
 - A. Right-hand circular
 - B. Left-hand circular
 - C. Horizontal
 - D. Vertical
4. What can happen if the antennas at opposite ends of a VHF or UHF line of sight radio link are not using the same polarization?
 - A. The modulation sidebands might become inverted
 - B. Signals could be significantly weaker
 - C. Signals have an echo effect on voices
 - D. Nothing significant will happen
5. When using a directional antenna, how might your station be able to access a distant repeater if buildings or obstructions are blocking the direct line of sight path?
 - A. Change from vertical to horizontal polarization
 - B. Try to find a path that reflects signals to the repeater
 - C. Try the long path
 - D. Increase the antenna SWR
6. What term is commonly used to describe the rapid fluttering sound sometimes heard from mobile stations that are moving while transmitting?
 - A. Flip-flopping
 - B. Picket fencing
 - C. Frequency shifting
 - D. Pulsing
7. What type of wave carries radio signals between transmitting and receiving stations?
 - A. Electromagnetic
 - B. Electrostatic
 - C. Surface acoustic
 - D. Magnetostrictive
8. Which of the following is a likely cause of irregular fading of signals received by ionospheric reflection?
 - A. Frequency shift due to Faraday rotation
 - B. Interference from thunderstorms
 - C. Random combining of signals arriving via different paths
 - D. Intermodulation distortion
9. Which of the following results from the fact that skip signals refracted from the ionosphere are elliptically polarized?
 - A. Digital modes are unusable
 - B. Either vertically or horizontally polarized antennas may be used for transmission or reception
 - C. FM voice is unusable
 - D. Both the transmitting and receiving antennas must be of the same polarization
10. What may occur if data signals propagate over multiple paths?
 - A. Transmission rates can be increased by a factor equal to the number of separate paths observed
 - B. Transmission rates must be decreased by a factor equal to the number of separate paths observed
 - C. No significant changes will occur if the signals are transmitting using FM
 - D. Error rates are likely to increase
11. Which part of the atmosphere enables the propagation of radio signals around the world?
 - A. The stratosphere
 - B. The troposphere
 - C. The ionosphere
 - D. The magnetosphere

Electromagnetic Waves

- The two components of a radio wave are the **electric and magnetic fields**
- **The orientation of the electric field** of a radio wave is used to describe its polarization

Speed

- A radio wave travels through free space **at the speed of light**
- The approximate velocity of a radio wave as it travels through free space is **300,000,000 meters per second**

Frequency

- The frequency range of the high frequency spectrum (HF) is **3 to 30 MHz**
- The frequency range of the very high frequency spectrum (VHF) is **30 to 300 MHz**
- The frequency range of the ultra-high frequency spectrum (UHF) is **300 to 3000 MHz**

Wavelength

- **Wavelength** is the distance a radio wave travels during one complete cycle
- **The wavelength gets shorter as the frequency increases**
- The formula for converting frequency to approximate wavelength is **wavelength in meters equals 300 divided by frequency in megahertz**

$$\lambda = \frac{300}{f_{MHz}}$$

where λ is wavelength in meters and

f_{MHz} is frequency in megahertz.

- **The approximate wavelength** of radio waves is often used to identify the different frequency bands

Group T3B – Electromagnetic Waves

1. What is the name for the distance a radio wave travels during one complete cycle?
 - A. Wave speed
 - B. Waveform
 - C. Wavelength
 - D. Wave spread
2. What property of a radio wave is used to describe its polarization?
 - A. The orientation of the electric field
 - B. The orientation of the magnetic field
 - C. The ratio of the energy in the magnetic field to the energy in the electric field
 - D. The ratio of the velocity to the wavelength
3. What are the two components of a radio wave?
 - A. AC and DC
 - B. Voltage and current
 - C. Electric and magnetic fields
 - D. Ionizing and non-ionizing radiation
4. How fast does a radio wave travel through free space?
 - A. At the speed of light
 - B. At the speed of sound
 - C. Its speed is inversely proportional to its wavelength
 - D. Its speed increases as the frequency increases
5. How does the wavelength of a radio wave relate to its frequency?
 - A. The wavelength gets longer as the frequency increases
 - B. The wavelength gets shorter as the frequency increases
 - C. There is no relationship between wavelength and frequency
 - D. The wavelength depends on the bandwidth of the signal
6. What is the formula for converting frequency to approximate wavelength in meters?
 - A. Wavelength in meters equals frequency in hertz multiplied by 300
 - B. Wavelength in meters equals frequency in hertz divided by 300
 - C. Wavelength in meters equals frequency in megahertz divided by 300
 - D. Wavelength in meters equals 300 divided by frequency in megahertz
7. What property of radio waves is often used to identify the different frequency bands?
 - A. The approximate wavelength
 - B. The magnetic intensity of waves
 - C. The time it takes for waves to travel one mile
 - D. The voltage standing wave ratio of waves
8. What are the frequency limits of the VHF spectrum?
 - A. 30 to 300 kHz
 - B. 30 to 300 MHz
 - C. 300 to 3000 kHz
 - D. 300 to 3000 MHz
9. What are the frequency limits of the UHF spectrum?
 - A. 30 to 300 kHz
 - B. 30 to 300 MHz
 - C. 300 to 3000 kHz
 - D. 300 to 3000 MHz
10. What frequency range is referred to as HF?
 - A. 300 to 3000 MHz
 - B. 30 to 300 MHz
 - C. 3 to 30 MHz
 - D. 300 to 3000 kHz
11. What is the approximate velocity of a radio wave as it travels through free space?
 - A. 3000 kilometers per second
 - B. 300,000,000 meters per second
 - C. 300,000 miles per hour
 - D. 186,000 miles per hour

Direct Mode (Line-of-Sight)

- The radio horizon is **the distance over which two stations can communicate by direct path**
- VHF and UHF radio signals usually travel somewhat farther than the visual line of sight distance between two stations because **the earth seems less curved to radio waves than to light**
- The reason that direct (not via a repeater) UHF signals rarely heard from stations outside your local coverage area is **because UHF signals are usually not reflected by the ionosphere**

Ionospheric Modes

- The **ten and six meters** bands may provide long distance communications during the peak of the sunspot cycle
- The best time generally for long-distance 10 meter band propagation via the F layer is **from dawn to shortly after sunset during periods of high sunspot activity**

Meteor Scattering

- The **6 meters** band is best suited for communicating via meteor scatter

Auroral Backscatter

- A characteristic of VHF signals received via auroral reflection is that **the signals exhibit rapid fluctuations of strength and often sound distorted**

Sporadic E Propagation

- Often when VHF signals are being received from long distances, it is because **the signals are being refracted from a sporadic E layer**
- **Sporadic E** is most common cause of occasional strong over-the-horizon signals on the 10, 6, and 2 meter bands

Tropospheric Ducting

- Tropospheric ducting is caused by **temperature inversions in the atmosphere**
- **Tropospheric scatter** is responsible for allowing over-the-horizon VHF and UHF communications to ranges of about 300 miles on a regular basis

Knife-Edge Diffraction

- **Knife-edge diffraction** might cause radio signals to be heard despite obstructions between the transmitting and receiving stations

Group T3C – More Propagation

- Why are direct (not via a repeater) UHF signals rarely heard from stations outside your local coverage area?
 - They are too weak to go very far
 - FCC regulations prohibit them from going more than 50 miles
 - UHF signals are usually not reflected by the ionosphere
 - They collide with trees and shrubbery and fade out
- Which of the following might be happening when VHF signals are being received from long distances?
 - Signals are being reflected from outer space
 - Signals are arriving by sub-surface ducting
 - Signals are being reflected by lightning storms in your area
 - Signals are being refracted from a sporadic E layer
- What is a characteristic of VHF signals received via auroral reflection?
 - Signals from distances of 10,000 or more miles are common
 - The signals exhibit rapid fluctuations of strength and often sound distorted
 - These types of signals occur only during winter nighttime hours
 - These types of signals are generally strongest when your antenna is aimed west
- Which of the following propagation types is most commonly associated with occasional strong over-the-horizon signals on the 10, 6, and 2 meter bands?
 - Backscatter
 - Sporadic E
 - D layer absorption
 - Gray-line propagation
- Which of the following effects might cause radio signals to be heard despite obstructions between the transmitting and receiving stations?
 - Knife-edge diffraction
 - Faraday rotation
 - Quantum tunneling
 - Doppler shift
- What mode is responsible for allowing over-the-horizon VHF and UHF communications to ranges of approximately 300 miles on a regular basis?
 - Tropospheric scatter
 - D layer refraction
 - F2 layer refraction
 - Faraday rotation
- What band is best suited for communicating via meteor scatter?
 - 10 meters
 - 6 meters
 - 2 meters
 - 70 cm
- What causes tropospheric ducting?
 - Discharges of lightning during electrical storms
 - Sunspots and solar flares
 - Updrafts from hurricanes and tornadoes
 - Temperature inversions in the atmosphere
- What is generally the best time for long-distance 10 meter band propagation via the F layer?
 - From dawn to shortly after sunset during periods of high sunspot activity
 - From shortly after sunset to dawn during periods of high sunspot activity
 - From dawn to shortly after sunset during periods of low sunspot activity
 - From shortly after sunset to dawn during periods of low sunspot activity
- What is the radio horizon?
 - The distance over which two stations can communicate by direct path
 - The distance from the ground to a horizontally mounted antenna
 - The farthest point you can see when standing at the base of your antenna tower
 - The shortest distance between two points on the Earth's surface
- Why do VHF and UHF radio signals usually travel somewhat farther than the visual line of sight distance between two stations?
 - Radio signals move somewhat faster than the speed of light
 - Radio waves are not blocked by dust particles
 - The Earth seems less curved to radio waves than to light
 - Radio waves are blocked by dust particles
- Which of the following bands may provide long distance communications during the peak of the sunspot cycle?
 - Six or ten meters
 - 23 centimeters
 - 70 centimeters or 1.25 meters
 - All of these choices are correct

Grounding and Power

- A **flat strap** is the best conductor to use for RF grounding
- For communications equipment, use a regulated power supply because **it prevents voltage fluctuations from reaching sensitive circuits**

Microphones

- Microphone connectors on amateur transceivers differ from each other because **some connectors include push-to-talk and voltages for powering the microphone**
- To cure distorted audio caused by RF current flowing on the shield of a microphone cable, install a **ferrite choke** on the cable

Computers

- The ways that a computer could be used in an amateur radio station include **all of the following**:
 - For logging contacts and contact information
 - For sending and/or receiving CW
 - For generating and decoding digital signals
- When using a computer in digital communications, the computer's **sound card provides audio to the microphone input and converts received audio to digital form**
- In packet radio stations, a **terminal node controller (TNC)** connects the computer to the transceiver

Between Transmitter and Antenna

- To monitor the standing wave ratio of the station antenna system, an in-line SWR meter should be installed **in series with the feed line, between the transmitter and antenna**
- A filter installed **between the transmitter and the antenna** can reduce any harmonic emission from your station

Mobile Installations

- The negative return connector of a mobile transceiver's power cable should be connected **at the battery or engine block ground strap**
- If a mobile transceiver's received audio has a high-pitched whine that varies with engine speed, then the source is **the alternator**
- if another operator reports a variable high-pitched whine on the audio from your mobile transmitter, then probably **noise from the vehicle's electrical system is being transmitted along with your speech audio**

Group T4A – Station Setup

- Which of the following is true concerning the microphone connectors on amateur transceivers?
 - All transceivers use the same microphone connector type
 - Some connectors include push-to-talk and voltages for powering the microphone
 - All transceivers using the same connector type are wired identically
 - Un-keyed connectors allow any microphone to be connected
- How might a computer be used as part of an amateur radio station?
 - For logging contacts and contact information
 - For sending and/or receiving CW
 - For generating and decoding digital signals
 - All of these choices are correct
- Which is a good reason to use a regulated power supply for communications equipment?
 - It prevents voltage fluctuations from reaching sensitive circuits
 - A regulated power supply has FCC approval
 - A fuse or circuit breaker regulates the power
 - Power consumption is independent of load
- Where must a filter be installed to reduce harmonic emissions from your station?
 - Between the transmitter and the antenna
 - Between the receiver and the transmitter
 - At the station power supply
 - At the microphone
- Where should an in-line SWR meter be connected to monitor the standing wave ratio of the station antenna system?
 - In series with the feed line, between the transmitter and antenna
 - In series with the station's ground
 - In parallel with the push-to-talk line and the antenna
 - In series with the power supply cable, as close as possible to the radio
- Which of the following would be connected between a transceiver and computer in a packet radio station?
 - Transmatch
 - Mixer
 - Terminal node controller
 - Antenna
- How is a computer's sound card used when conducting digital communications using a computer?
 - The sound card communicates between the computer CPU and the video display
 - The sound card records the audio frequency for video display
 - The sound card provides audio to the microphone input and converts received audio to digital form
 - All of these choices are correct
- Which type of conductor is best to use for RF grounding?
 - Round stranded wire
 - Round copper-clad steel wire
 - Twisted-pair cable
 - Flat strap
- Which of the following could you use to cure distorted audio caused by RF current flowing on the shield of a microphone cable?
 - Band-pass filter
 - Low-pass filter
 - Preamplifier
 - Ferrite choke
- What is the source of a high-pitched whine that varies with engine speed in a mobile transceiver's receive audio?
 - The ignition system
 - The alternator
 - The electric fuel pump
 - Anti-lock braking system controllers
- Where should the negative return connection of a mobile transceiver's power cable be connected?
 - At the battery or engine block ground strap
 - At the antenna mount
 - To any metal part of the vehicle
 - Through the transceiver's mounting bracket
- What could be happening if another operator reports a variable high-pitched whine on the audio from your mobile transmitter?
 - Your microphone is picking up noise from an open window
 - You have the volume on your receiver set too high
 - You need to adjust your squelch control
 - Noise on the vehicle's electrical system is being transmitted along with your speech audio

Group T4B – Receive and Transmit Setup

Frequency Control

- **The keypad or VFO knob** can be used to enter the operating frequency on a modern transceiver
- A quick way access to a favorite frequency is to **store it in a memory channel**
- "Repeater offset" is **the difference between the repeater's transmit and receive frequencies**

Transmit Setup

- Setting the microphone gain is set too high may cause **the output signal to become distorted**

Receive Setup

- The function of automatic gain control (AGC) is **to keep the received audio volume relatively constant**
- The purpose of the squelch control is **to mute receiver output noise when no signal is being received**
- To reduce ignition interference, **turn on the noise blanker**
- "RIT" means **Receiver Incremental Tuning**
- **The RIT or clarifier** can be used if the voice pitch of a single-sideband signal seems too high or low
- The advantage of having multiple receive bandwidth choices on a multimode transceiver is that it **permits noise or interference reduction by selecting a bandwidth matching the mode**
- The appropriate receive bandwidth for SSB reception is **2400 Hz**
- The appropriate receive bandwidth for CW reception is **500 Hz**

Group T4B – Receive and Transmit Setup

1. What may happen if a transmitter is operated with the microphone gain set too high?
 - A. The output power might be too high
 - B. The output signal might become distorted
 - C. The frequency might vary
 - D. The SWR might increase
2. Which of the following can be used to enter the operating frequency on a modern transceiver?
 - A. The keypad or VFO knob
 - B. The CTCSS or DTMF encoder
 - C. The Automatic Frequency Control
 - D. All of these choices are correct
3. What is the purpose of the squelch control on a transceiver?
 - A. To set the highest level of volume desired
 - B. To set the transmitter power level
 - C. To adjust the automatic gain control
 - D. To mute receiver output noise when no signal is being received
4. What is a way to enable quick access to a favorite frequency on your transceiver?
 - A. Enable the CTCSS tones
 - B. Store the frequency in a memory channel
 - C. Disable the CTCSS tones
 - D. Use the scan mode to select the desired frequency
5. Which of the following would reduce ignition interference to a receiver?
 - A. Change frequency slightly
 - B. Decrease the squelch setting
 - C. Turn on the noise blanker
 - D. Use the RIT control
6. Which of the following controls could be used if the voice pitch of a single-sideband signal seems too high or low?
 - A. The AGC or limiter
 - B. The bandwidth selection
 - C. The tone squelch
 - D. The receiver RIT or clarifier
7. What does the term "RIT" mean?
 - A. Receiver Input Tone
 - B. Receiver Incremental Tuning
 - C. Rectifier Inverter Test
 - D. Remote Input Transmitter
8. What is the advantage of having multiple receive bandwidth choices on a multimode transceiver?
 - A. Permits monitoring several modes at once
 - B. Permits noise or interference reduction by selecting a bandwidth matching the mode
 - C. Increases the number of frequencies that can be stored in memory
 - D. Increases the amount of offset between receive and transmit frequencies
9. Which of the following is an appropriate receive filter bandwidth to select in order to minimize noise and interference for SSB reception?
 - A. 500 Hz
 - B. 1000 Hz
 - C. 2400 Hz
 - D. 5000 Hz
10. Which of the following is an appropriate receive filter bandwidth to select in order to minimize noise and interference for CW reception?
 - A. 500 Hz
 - B. 1000 Hz
 - C. 2400 Hz
 - D. 5000 Hz
11. Which of the following describes the common meaning of the term "repeater offset"?
 - A. The distance between the repeater's transmit and receive antennas
 - B. The time delay before the repeater timer resets
 - C. The difference between the repeater's transmit and receive frequencies
 - D. Matching the antenna impedance to the feed line impedance
12. What is the function of automatic gain control or AGC?
 - A. To keep received audio relatively constant
 - B. To protect an antenna from lightning
 - C. To eliminate RF on the station cabling
 - D. An asymmetric goniometer control used for antenna matching

Electrical Current

- **Current** is the flow of electrons in an electric circuit
- The unit of electrical current is the **ampere**
- **Direct current** (DC) is an electrical current that flows in only one direction
- **Alternating current** (AC) is an electrical current that reverses direction on a regular basis
- **Frequency** is the number of times per second that an alternating current reverses direction

Voltage

- **Voltage** is the electromotive force (EMF) that causes electron flow
- The unit of electromotive force is the **volt**
- A mobile transceiver usually requires **about 12 volts**

Electrical Power

- **Power** is the rate at which electrical energy is used
- The unit of electrical power is the **watt**

Materials

- **Copper** is a good electrical conductor of electrical current
- **Glass** is a good electrical insulator

Group T5A – Basic Electricity

1. Electrical current is measured in which of the following units?
 - A. Volts
 - B. Watts
 - C. Ohms
 - D. Amperes
2. Electrical power is measured in which of the following units?
 - A. Volts
 - B. Watts
 - C. Ohms
 - D. Amperes
3. What is the name for the flow of electrons in an electric circuit?
 - A. Voltage
 - B. Resistance
 - C. Capacitance
 - D. Current
4. What is the name for a current that flows only in one direction?
 - A. Alternating current
 - B. Direct current
 - C. Normal current
 - D. Smooth current
5. What is the electrical term for the electromotive force (EMF) that causes electron flow?
 - A. Voltage
 - B. Ampere-hours
 - C. Capacitance
 - D. Inductance
6. How much voltage does a mobile transceiver usually require?
 - A. About 12 volts
 - B. About 30 volts
 - C. About 120 volts
 - D. About 240 volts
7. Which of the following is a good electrical conductor?
 - A. Glass
 - B. Wood
 - C. Copper
 - D. Rubber
8. Which of the following is a good electrical insulator?
 - A. Copper
 - B. Glass
 - C. Aluminum
 - D. Mercury
9. What is the name for a current that reverses direction on a regular basis?
 - A. Alternating current
 - B. Direct current
 - C. Circular current
 - D. Vertical current
10. Which term describes the rate at which electrical energy is used?
 - A. Resistance
 - B. Current
 - C. Power
 - D. Voltage
11. What is the basic unit of electromotive force?
 - A. The volt
 - B. The watt
 - C. The ampere
 - D. The ohm
12. What term describes the number of times per second that an alternating current reverses direction?
 - A. Pulse rate
 - B. Speed
 - C. Wavelength
 - D. Frequency

Group T5B – Units Conversion

Pico-, Nano-, and Micro- Units

- 1,000,000 picofarads is **1 microfarad**
 $1,000,000 \text{ pF} = 1,000 \text{ nF} = 1 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$
- A microvolt is **one one-millionth of a volt**
 $1 \text{ }\mu\text{V} = 0.001 \text{ mV} = 0.000 \text{ }001 \text{ V}$

Milli- Units

- 500 milliwatts is **0.5 watts**
 $500 \text{ mW} = 0.500 \text{ W} = 0.5 \text{ W}$
- A current of 1.5 amperes is **1,500 milliamperes**
 $1.5 \text{ A} = 1.500 \text{ A} = 1,500 \text{ mA}$
- If an ammeter is calibrated in amperes and is used to measure a 3000 milliampere current, then the meter would show a reading of **3 amperes**
 $3000 \text{ mA} = 3.000 \text{ A} = 3 \text{ A}$

Kilo-, Mega-, and Giga- Units

- One kilovolt is **one thousand volts**
 $1 \text{ kV} = 1.000 \text{ kV} = 1,000 \text{ V}$
- A radio signal frequency of 1,500,000 hertz is **1500 kHz**
 $1,500,000 \text{ Hz} = 1,500.000 \text{ kHz} = 1,500 \text{ kHz}$
- If a frequency readout calibrated in megahertz shows a reading of 3.525 MHz, then it would show **3525 kHz** if it were calibrated in kilohertz
 $3.525 \text{ MHz} = 3525 \text{ kHz}$
- The frequency 28,400 kHz is **28.400 MHz**
 $28,400 \text{ kHz} = 28.400 \text{ MHz}$
- If a frequency readout shows a reading of 2425 MHz, then the frequency is **2.425 GHz**
 $2425 \text{ MHz} = 2.425 \text{ GHz}$

Power Changes in Decibels (dB)

- An increase from 5 watts to 10 watts is a power change of approximately **3 dB**

$$10 \cdot \log\left(\frac{10 \text{ watts}}{5 \text{ watts}}\right) = 10 \cdot \log(2) = 3 \text{ dB}$$

- A decrease from 12 watts to 3 watts is power change of approximately **-6 dB**

$$10 \cdot \log\left(\frac{3 \text{ watts}}{12 \text{ watts}}\right) = 10 \cdot \log\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = -6 \text{ dB}$$

- An increase from 20 watts to 200 watts is a power increase of **10 dB**

$$10 \cdot \log\left(\frac{200 \text{ watts}}{20 \text{ watts}}\right) = 10 \cdot \log(10) = 10 \text{ dB}$$

Table T5B – Metric Prefixes

Prefix	Symbol	10^n	Decimal	English word
pico	p	10^{-12}	0.000 000 000 001	trillionth
nano	n	10^{-9}	0.000 000 001	billionth
micro	μ	10^{-6}	0.000 001	millionth
milli	m	10^{-3}	0.001	thousandth
		10^0	1	one
kilo	k	10^3	1,000	thousand
mega	M	10^6	1,000,000	million
giga	G	10^9	1,000,000,000	billion
tera	T	10^{12}	1,000,000,000,000	trillion

Group T5B – Units Conversion

- How many milliamperes is 1.5 amperes?
 - 15 milliamperes
 - 150 milliamperes
 - 1,500 milliamperes
 - 15,000 milliamperes
- What is another way to specify a radio signal frequency of 1,500,000 hertz?
 - 1500 kHz
 - 1500 MHz
 - 15 GHz
 - 150 kHz
- How many volts are equal to one kilovolt?
 - One one-thousandth of a volt
 - One hundred volts
 - One thousand volts
 - One million volts
- How many volts are equal to one microvolt?
 - One one-millionth of a volt
 - One million volts
 - One thousand kilovolts
 - One one-thousandth of a volt
- Which of the following is equivalent to 500 milliwatts?
 - 0.02 watts
 - 0.5 watts
 - 5 watts
 - 50 watts
- If an ammeter calibrated in amperes is used to measure a 3000-milliamperere current, what reading would it show?
 - 0.003 amperes
 - 0.3 amperes
 - 3 amperes
 - 3,000,000 amperes
- If a frequency readout calibrated in megahertz shows a reading of 3.525 MHz, what would it show if it were calibrated in kilohertz?
 - 0.003525 kHz
 - 35.25 kHz
 - 3525 kHz
 - 3,525,000 kHz
- How many microfarads are 1,000,000 picofarads?
 - 0.001 microfarads
 - 1 microfarad
 - 1000 microfarads
 - 1,000,000,000 microfarads
- What is the approximate amount of change, measured in decibels (dB), of a power increase from 5 watts to 10 watts?
 - 2 dB
 - 3 dB
 - 5 dB
 - 10 dB
- What is the approximate amount of change, measured in decibels (dB), of a power decrease from 12 watts to 3 watts?
 - 1 dB
 - 3 dB
 - 6 dB
 - 9 dB
- What is the approximate amount of change, measured in decibels (dB), of a power increase from 20 watts to 200 watts?
 - 10 dB
 - 12 dB
 - 18 dB
 - 28 dB
- Which of the following frequencies is equal to 28,400 kHz?
 - 28.400 MHz
 - 2.800 MHz
 - 284.00 MHz
 - 28.400 kHz
- If a frequency readout shows a reading of 2425 MHz, what frequency is that in GHz?
 - 0.002425 GHz
 - 24.25 GHz
 - 2.425 GHz
 - 2425 GHz

Radio Waves

- A usual name for electromagnetic waves that travel through space is **radio waves**
- “RF” refers to **radio frequency signals** of all types
- The unit of frequency is the **hertz**

Impedance

- Impedance **is a measure of the opposition to AC current flow in a circuit**
- The units of impedance are **ohms**

Capacitance and Inductance

- The ability to store energy in an electric field is called **capacitance**
- The basic unit of capacitance is **the farad**
- The ability to store energy in a magnetic field is called **inductance**
- The basic unit of inductance is **the henry**

Electrical Power

- **Power (P) equals voltage (E) multiplied by current (I).**

$$P = E \cdot I$$

- If the applied voltage is 13.8 volts DC and the current is 10 amperes, then the power being used is **138 watts**

$$P = E \cdot I = (13.8 \text{ V}) \cdot (10 \text{ A}) = 138 \text{ W}$$

- When the applied voltage is 12 volts DC and the current is 2.5 amperes, then the power is **30 watts**

$$P = E \cdot I = (12 \text{ V}) \cdot (2.5 \text{ A}) = 30 \text{ W}$$

- When the applied voltage is 12 volts DC and the load is 120 watts, there are **10 amperes** flowing in the circuit

$$I = \frac{P}{E} = \frac{120 \text{ W}}{12 \text{ V}} = 10 \text{ A}$$

Memory Aid for Electrical Power

P	
I	E

Group T5C – Electrical Units

1. What is the ability to store energy in an electric field called?
 - A. Inductance
 - B. Resistance
 - C. Tolerance
 - D. Capacitance
2. What is the basic unit of capacitance?
 - A. The farad
 - B. The ohm
 - C. The volt
 - D. The henry
3. What is the ability to store energy in a magnetic field called?
 - A. Admittance
 - B. Capacitance
 - C. Resistance
 - D. Inductance
4. What is the basic unit of inductance?
 - A. The coulomb
 - B. The farad
 - C. The henry
 - D. The ohm
5. What is the unit of frequency?
 - A. Hertz
 - B. Henry
 - C. Farad
 - D. Tesla
6. What does the abbreviation “RF” refer to?
 - A. Radio frequency signals of all types
 - B. The resonant frequency of a tuned circuit
 - C. The real frequency transmitted as opposed to the apparent frequency
 - D. Reflective force in antenna transmission lines
7. What is a usual name for electromagnetic waves that travel through space?
 - A. Gravity waves
 - B. Sound waves
 - C. Radio waves
 - D. Pressure waves
8. What is the formula used to calculate electrical power in a DC circuit?
 - A. Power (P) equals voltage (E) multiplied by current (I)
 - B. Power (P) equals voltage (E) divided by current (I)
 - C. Power (P) equals voltage (E) minus current (I)
 - D. Power (P) equals voltage (E) plus current (I)
9. How much power is being used in a circuit when the applied voltage is 13.8 volts DC and the current is 10 amperes?
 - A. 138 watts
 - B. 0.7 watts
 - C. 23.8 watts
 - D. 3.8 watts
10. How much power is being used in a circuit when the applied voltage is 12 volts DC and the current is 2.5 amperes?
 - A. 4.8 watts
 - B. 30 watts
 - C. 14.5 watts
 - D. 0.208 watts
11. How many amperes are flowing in a circuit when the applied voltage is 12 volts DC and the load is 120 watts?
 - A. 0.1 amperes
 - B. 10 amperes
 - C. 12 amperes
 - D. 132 amperes
12. What is meant by the term impedance?
 - A. It is a measure of the opposition to AC current flow in a circuit
 - B. It is the inverse of resistance
 - C. It is a measure of the Q or Quality Factor of a component
 - D. It is a measure of the power handling capability of a component
13. What are the units of impedance?
 - A. Volts
 - B. Amperes
 - C. Coulombs
 - D. Ohms

Calculating Current

- **Current (I) equals voltage (E) divided by resistance (R).**

$$I = \frac{E}{R}$$

- In a circuit with an applied voltage of 120 volts and a resistance of 80 ohms, the current flow is **1.5 amperes**

$$I = \frac{E}{R} = \frac{120 \text{ V}}{80 \Omega} = 1.5 \text{ A}$$

- In a circuit with a 100-ohm resistor connected across 200 volts, the current flow is **2 amperes**

$$I = \frac{E}{R} = \frac{200 \text{ V}}{100 \Omega} = 2 \text{ A}$$

- In a circuit with a 24-ohm resistor connected across 240 volts, the current flow is **10 amperes**

$$I = \frac{E}{R} = \frac{240 \text{ V}}{24 \Omega} = 10 \text{ A}$$

Calculating Voltage

- **Voltage (E) equals current (I) multiplied by resistance (R).**

$$E = I \cdot R$$

- If 0.5 amperes flow through a 2-ohm resistor, the voltage across the resistor is **1 volt**

$$E = I \cdot R = (0.5 \text{ A}) \cdot (2 \Omega) = 1 \text{ V}$$

- If 1 ampere flow through a 10-ohm resistor, the voltage across the resistor is **10 volts**

$$E = I \cdot R = (1 \text{ A}) \cdot (10 \Omega) = 10 \text{ V}$$

- If 2 amperes flow through a 10-ohm resistor, the voltage across the resistor is **20 volts**

$$E = I \cdot R = (2 \text{ A}) \cdot (10 \Omega) = 20 \text{ V}$$

Calculating Resistance

- **Resistance (R) equals voltage (E) divided by current (I)**

$$R = \frac{E}{I}$$

- If the source is 90 volts and the current through the resistor is 3 amperes, then the resistance is **30 ohms**

$$R = \frac{E}{I} = \frac{90 \text{ V}}{3 \text{ A}} = 30 \Omega$$

- If applied voltage is 12 volts and the current flow is 1.5 amperes, then the resistance is **8 ohms**

$$R = \frac{E}{I} = \frac{12 \text{ V}}{1.5 \text{ A}} = 8 \Omega$$

- If the source is 12 volts and the circuit draws 4 amperes, then the resistance is **3 ohms**

$$R = \frac{E}{I} = \frac{12 \text{ V}}{4 \text{ A}} = 3 \Omega$$

Memory Aid for Ohm's Law

E	
I	R

Group T5D – Ohm's Law

1. What formula is used to calculate current in a circuit?
 - A. Current (I) equals voltage (E) multiplied by resistance (R)
 - B. Current (I) equals voltage (E) divided by resistance (R)
 - C. Current (I) equals voltage (E) added to resistance (R)
 - D. Current (I) equals voltage (E) minus resistance (R)
2. What formula is used to calculate voltage in a circuit?
 - A. Voltage (E) equals current (I) multiplied by resistance (R)
 - B. Voltage (E) equals current (I) divided by resistance (R)
 - C. Voltage (E) equals current (I) added to resistance (R)
 - D. Voltage (E) equals current (I) minus resistance (R)
3. What formula is used to calculate resistance in a circuit?
 - A. Resistance (R) equals voltage (E) multiplied by current (I)
 - B. Resistance (R) equals voltage (E) divided by current (I)
 - C. Resistance (R) equals voltage (E) added to current (I)
 - D. Resistance (R) equals voltage (E) minus current (I)
4. What is the resistance of a circuit in which a current of 3 amperes flows through a resistor connected to 90 volts?
 - A. 3 ohms
 - B. 30 ohms
 - C. 93 ohms
 - D. 270 ohms
5. What is the resistance in a circuit for which the applied voltage is 12 volts and the current flow is 1.5 amperes?
 - A. 18 ohms
 - B. 0.125 ohms
 - C. 8 ohms
 - D. 13.5 ohms
6. What is the resistance of a circuit that draws 4 amperes from a 12-volt source?
 - A. 3 ohms
 - B. 16 ohms
 - C. 48 ohms
 - D. 8 Ohms
7. What is the current flow in a circuit with an applied voltage of 120 volts and a resistance of 80 ohms?
 - A. 9600 amperes
 - B. 200 amperes
 - C. 0.667 amperes
 - D. 1.5 amperes
8. What is the current flowing through a 100-ohm resistor connected across 200 volts?
 - A. 20,000 amperes
 - B. 0.5 amperes
 - C. 2 amperes
 - D. 100 amperes
9. What is the current flowing through a 24-ohm resistor connected across 240 volts?
 - A. 24,000 amperes
 - B. 0.1 amperes
 - C. 10 amperes
 - D. 216 amperes
10. What is the voltage across a 2-ohm resistor if a current of 0.5 amperes flows through it?
 - A. 1 volt
 - B. 0.25 volts
 - C. 2.5 volts
 - D. 1.5 volts
11. What is the voltage across a 10-ohm resistor if a current of 1 ampere flows through it?
 - A. 1 volt
 - B. 10 volts
 - C. 11 volts
 - D. 9 volts
12. What is the voltage across a 10-ohm resistor if a current of 2 amperes flows through it?
 - A. 8 volts
 - B. 0.2 volts
 - C. 12 volts
 - D. 20 volts

Group T6A – Passive Components

Resistors

- A **resistor** is used to oppose the flow of current in a DC circuit
- **Resistance** is the electrical parameter is controlled by a potentiometer
- A potentiometer is a type of variable resistor. A **potentiometer** is often used as an adjustable volume control

Capacitors and Inductors

- A **capacitor** stores energy in an electric field
- A **capacitor** consists of two or more conductive surfaces separated by an insulator
- An **inductor** stores energy in a magnetic field
- An **inductor** is usually composed of a coil of wire

Switches and Fuses

- A **switch** is used to connect or disconnect electrical circuits
- A **fuse** is used to protect other circuit components from current overloads

Batteries

- **All of the following** battery types are rechargeable
 - Nickel-metal hydride
 - Lithium-ion
 - Lead-acid gel-cell
- A **carbon-zinc** battery types is not rechargeable

Group T6A – Passive Components

1. What electrical component is used to oppose the flow of current in a DC circuit?
 - A. Inductor
 - B. Resistor
 - C. Voltmeter
 - D. Transformer
2. What type of component is often used as an adjustable volume control?
 - A. Fixed resistor
 - B. Power resistor
 - C. Potentiometer
 - D. Transformer
3. What electrical parameter is controlled by a potentiometer?
 - A. Inductance
 - B. Resistance
 - C. Capacitance
 - D. Field strength
4. What electrical component stores energy in an electric field?
 - A. Resistor
 - B. Capacitor
 - C. Inductor
 - D. Diode
5. What type of electrical component consists of two or more conductive surfaces separated by an insulator?
 - A. Resistor
 - B. Potentiometer
 - C. Oscillator
 - D. Capacitor
6. What type of electrical component stores energy in a magnetic field?
 - A. Resistor
 - B. Capacitor
 - C. Inductor
 - D. Diode
7. What electrical component is usually composed of a coil of wire?
 - A. Switch
 - B. Capacitor
 - C. Diode
 - D. Inductor
8. What electrical component is used to connect or disconnect electrical circuits?
 - A. Magnetron
 - B. Switch
 - C. Thermistor
 - D. All of these choices are correct
9. What electrical component is used to protect other circuit components from current overloads?
 - A. Fuse
 - B. Capacitor
 - C. Inductor
 - D. All of these choices are correct
10. Which of the following battery types is rechargeable?
 - A. Nickel-metal hydride
 - B. Lithium-ion
 - C. Lead-acid gel-cell
 - D. All of these choices are correct
11. Which of the following battery types is not rechargeable?
 - A. Nickel-cadmium
 - B. Carbon-zinc
 - C. Lead-acid
 - D. Lithium-ion

Transistors

- **Transistors** are capable of using a voltage or current signal to control current flow
- The **transistor** can amplify signals
- The **transistor** can be used as an electronic switch or amplifier
- **Gain** is the term that describes a transistor's ability to amplify a signal

Field Effect Transistors

- The abbreviation FET stands for **Field Effect Transistor**
- The **source, gate, and drain** are the three electrodes of a field effect transistor

Bipolar Junction Transistors

- The three electrodes of a PNP or NPN transistor are **the emitter, base, and collector**
- The **transistor** can be made of three layers of semiconductor material

Diodes

- The **diode** allows current to flow in only one direction
- The names of the two electrodes of a diode are the **anode and cathode**
- The cathode lead of a semiconductor diode is usually identified **with a stripe**
- The abbreviation LED stands for **Light Emitting Diode**

Group T6B – Active Components

1. What class of electronic components is capable of using a voltage or current signal to control current flow?
 - A. Capacitors
 - B. Inductors
 - C. Resistors
 - D. Transistors
2. What electronic component allows current to flow in only one direction?
 - A. Resistor
 - B. Fuse
 - C. Diode
 - D. Driven Element
3. Which of these components can be used as an electronic switch or amplifier?
 - A. Oscillator
 - B. Potentiometer
 - C. Transistor
 - D. Voltmeter
4. Which of the following components can be made of three layers of semiconductor material?
 - A. Alternator
 - B. Transistor
 - C. Triode
 - D. Pentagrid converter
5. Which of the following electronic components can amplify signals?
 - A. Transistor
 - B. Variable resistor
 - C. Electrolytic capacitor
 - D. Multi-cell battery
6. How is the cathode lead of a semiconductor diode usually identified?
 - A. With the word cathode
 - B. With a stripe
 - C. With the letter C
 - D. All of these choices are correct
7. What does the abbreviation LED stand for?
 - A. Low Emission Diode
 - B. Light Emitting Diode
 - C. Liquid Emission Detector
 - D. Long Echo Delay
8. What does the abbreviation FET stand for?
 - A. Field Effect Transistor
 - B. Fast Electron Transistor
 - C. Free Electron Transition
 - D. Field Emission Thickness
9. What are the names of the two electrodes of a diode?
 - A. Plus and minus
 - B. Source and drain
 - C. Anode and cathode
 - D. Gate and base
10. What are the three electrodes of a PNP or NPN transistor?
 - A. Emitter, base, and collector
 - B. Source, gate, and drain
 - C. Cathode, grid, and plate
 - D. Cathode, drift cavity, and collector
11. What are the three electrodes of a field effect transistor?
 - A. Emitter, base, and collector
 - B. Source, gate, and drain
 - C. Cathode, grid, and plate
 - D. Cathode, gate, and anode
12. What is the term that describes a transistor's ability to amplify a signal?
 - A. Gain
 - B. Forward resistance
 - C. Forward voltage drop
 - D. On resistance

Schematics

- The name for standardized representations of components in an electrical wiring diagram is **schematic symbols**
- The symbols on an electrical circuit schematic diagram represent **electrical components**
- Electrical circuit schematic diagrams represent **the way components are interconnected**

Resistors

- Figure T1, component 1 is a **resistor**
- Figure T2, component 9 is a **variable resistor**

Capacitors

- Figure T2, component 6 is a **capacitor**

Inductors and Transformers

- Figure T2, component 4 is a **transformer**
- Figure T3, component 3 is a **variable inductor**

Semiconductors

- Figure T1, component 2 is a **transistor**
- Figure T2, component 8 is a **light emitting diode**

Some Other Components

- Figure T1, component 3 is a **lamp**
- Figure T1, component 4 is a **battery**
- Figure T3, component 4 is an **antenna**

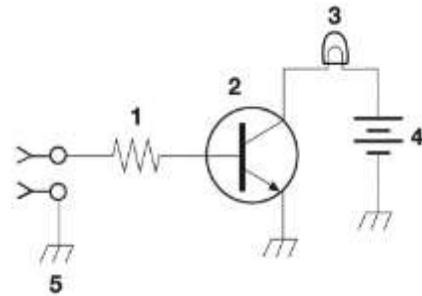


Figure T1

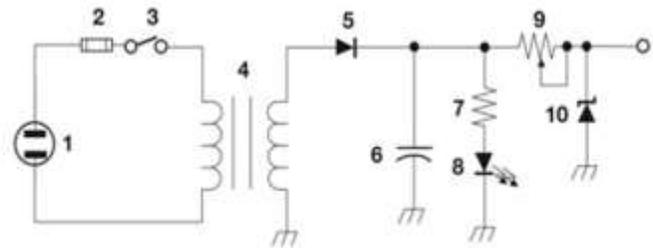


Figure T2

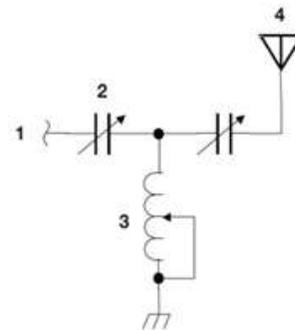


Figure T3

Group T6C – Schematic Symbols

1. What is the name for standardized representations of components in an electrical wiring diagram?
 - A. Electrical depictions
 - B. Grey sketch
 - C. Schematic symbols
 - D. Component callouts

2. What is component 1 in figure T1?
 - A. Resistor
 - B. Transistor
 - C. Battery
 - D. Connector

3. What is component 2 in figure T1?
 - A. Resistor
 - B. Transistor
 - C. Indicator lamp
 - D. Connector

4. What is component 3 in figure T1?
 - A. Resistor
 - B. Transistor
 - C. Lamp
 - D. Ground symbol

5. What is component 4 in figure T1?
 - A. Resistor
 - B. Transistor
 - C. Battery
 - D. Ground symbol

6. What is component 6 in figure T2?
 - A. Resistor
 - B. Capacitor
 - C. Regulator IC
 - D. Transistor

7. What is component 8 in figure T2?
 - A. Resistor
 - B. Inductor
 - C. Regulator IC
 - D. Light emitting diode

8. What is component 9 in figure T2?
 - A. Variable capacitor
 - B. Variable inductor
 - C. Variable resistor
 - D. Variable transformer

9. What is component 4 in figure T2?
 - A. Variable inductor
 - B. Double-pole switch
 - C. Potentiometer
 - D. Transformer

10. What is component 3 in figure T3?
 - A. Connector
 - B. Meter
 - C. Variable capacitor

11. What is component 4 in figure T3?
 - A. Antenna
 - B. Transmitter
 - C. Dummy load
 - D. Ground

12. What do the symbols on an electrical circuit schematic diagram represent?
 - A. Electrical components
 - B. Logic states
 - C. Digital codes
 - D. Traffic nodes

13. Which of the following is accurately represented in electrical circuit schematic diagrams?
 - A. Wire lengths
 - B. Physical appearance of components
 - C. The way components are interconnected
 - D. All of these choices are correct

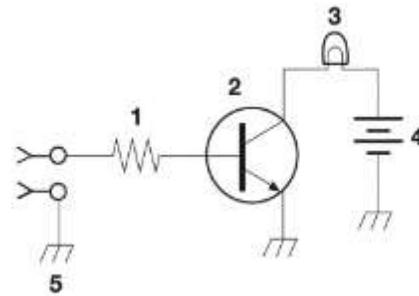


Figure T1

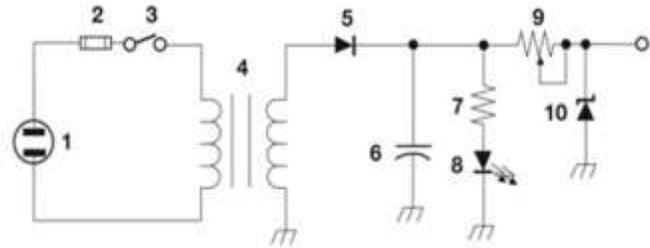


Figure T2

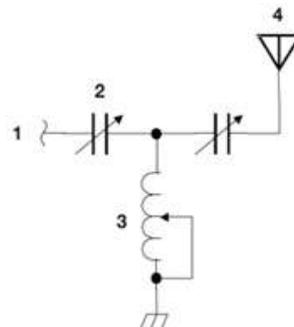


Figure T3

Switches

- Figure T2, component 3 represents a **single-pole single-throw** switch
- A relay is a **switch controlled by an electromagnet**

Semiconductors

- The function of figure T1, component 2 is to **control the flow of current**
- A **rectifier** changes an alternating current into a varying direct current signal
- An **integrated circuit** combines several semiconductors and other components into one package

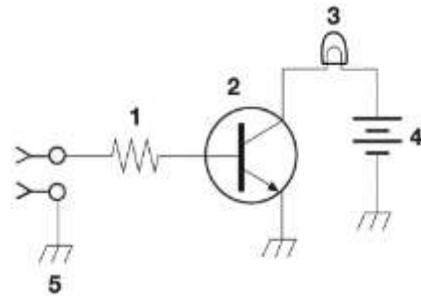


Figure T1

Indicators

- A **LED** is commonly used as a visual indicator
- A **meter** can be used to display signal strength on a numeric scale

Power Supplies

- A **regulator** circuit controls the amount of voltage from a power supply
- A **transformer** is commonly used to change 120V AC house current to a lower AC voltage for other uses

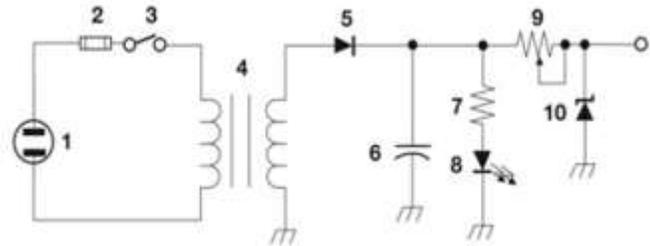


Figure T2

Tuned Circuit

- A simple resonant or tuned circuit is an **inductor and a capacitor connected in series or parallel to form a filter**
- A **capacitor** is used together with an inductor to make a tuned circuit

Shielding

- A common reason to use shielded wire is **to prevent coupling of unwanted signals to or from the wire**

Group T6D – Component and Circuit Functions

1. Which of the following devices or circuits changes an alternating current into a varying direct current signal?
 - A. Transformer
 - B. Rectifier
 - C. Amplifier
 - D. Reflector
2. What best describes a relay?
 - A. A switch controlled by an electromagnet
 - B. A current controlled amplifier
 - C. An optical sensor
 - D. A pass transistor
3. What type of switch is represented by component 3 in figure T2?
 - A. Single-pole single-throw
 - B. Single-pole double-throw
 - C. Double-pole single-throw
 - D. Double-pole double-throw
4. Which of the following can be used to display signal strength on a numeric scale?
 - A. Potentiometer
 - B. Transistor
 - C. Meter
 - D. Relay
5. What type of circuit controls the amount of voltage from a power supply?
 - A. Regulator
 - B. Oscillator
 - C. Filter
 - D. Phase inverter
6. What component is commonly used to change 120V AC house current to a lower AC voltage for other uses?
 - A. Variable capacitor
 - B. Transformer
 - C. Transistor
 - D. Diode
7. Which of the following is commonly used as a visual indicator?
 - A. LED
 - B. FET
 - C. Zener diode
 - D. Bipolar transistor
8. Which of the following is used together with an inductor to make a tuned circuit?
 - A. Resistor
 - B. Zener diode
 - C. Potentiometer
 - D. Capacitor
9. What is the name of a device that combines several semiconductors and other components into one package?
 - A. Transducer
 - B. Multi-pole relay
 - C. Integrated circuit
 - D. Transformer
10. What is the function of component 2 in Figure T1?
 - A. Give off light when current flows through it
 - B. Supply electrical energy
 - C. Control the flow of current
 - D. Convert electrical energy into radio waves
11. What is a simple resonant or tuned circuit?
 - A. An inductor and a capacitor connected in series or parallel to form a filter
 - B. A type of voltage regulator
 - C. A resistor circuit used for reducing standing wave ratio
 - D. A circuit designed to provide high fidelity audio
12. Which of the following is a common reason to use shielded wire?
 - A. To decrease the resistance of DC power connections
 - B. To increase the current carrying capability of the wire
 - C. To prevent coupling of unwanted signals to or from the wire
 - D. To couple the wire to other signals

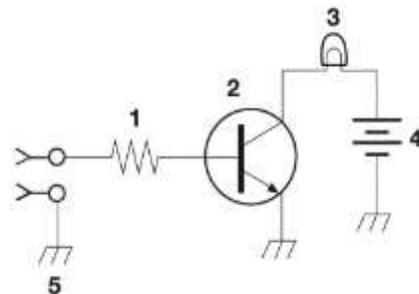


Figure T1

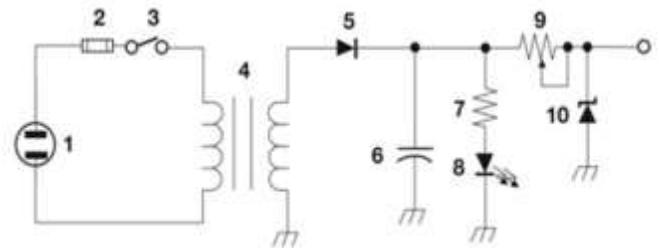


Figure T2

Oscillators and Mixers

- An **oscillator** is a circuit that generates a signal of a desired frequency
- A **mixer** is used to convert a radio signal from one frequency to another

Receivers

- **Sensitivity** describes the ability of a receiver to detect the presence of a signal
- **Selectivity** describes the ability of a receiver to discriminate between multiple signals
- An RF preamplifier is installed **between the antenna and receiver**

Transmitters

- **Modulation** describes combining speech with an RF carrier signal
- A **transverter** takes the output of a low-powered 28 MHz SSB exciter and produces a 222 MHz output signal
- An **RF power amplifier** increases the low-power output from a handheld transceiver

Transceivers

- A transceiver is **a unit combining the functions of a transmitter and a receiver**
- A **multi-mode VHF transceiver** is most useful for VHF weak-signal communication
- “PTT” refers to **the push-to-talk function, which switches between receive and transmit**

Group T7A – Radio Subsystems

1. Which term describes the ability of a receiver to detect the presence of a signal?
 - A. Linearity
 - B. Sensitivity
 - C. Selectivity
 - D. Total Harmonic Distortion
2. What is a transceiver?
 - A. A type of antenna switch
 - B. A unit combining the functions of a transmitter and a receiver
 - C. A component in a repeater which filters out unwanted interference
 - D. A type of antenna matching network
3. Which of the following is used to convert a radio signal from one frequency to another?
 - A. Phase splitter
 - B. Mixer
 - C. Inverter
 - D. Amplifier
4. Which term describes the ability of a receiver to discriminate between multiple signals?
 - A. Discrimination ratio
 - B. Sensitivity
 - C. Selectivity
 - D. Harmonic Distortion
5. What is the name of a circuit that generates a signal of a desired frequency?
 - A. Reactance modulator
 - B. Product detector
 - C. Low-pass filter
 - D. Oscillator
6. What device takes the output of a low-powered 28 MHz SSB exciter and produces a 222 MHz output signal?
 - A. High-pass filter
 - B. Low-pass filter
 - C. Transverter
 - D. Phase converter
7. What is meant by term “PTT”?
 - A. Pre-transmission tuning to reduce transmitter harmonic emission
 - B. Precise tone transmissions used to limit repeater access to only certain signals
 - C. A primary transformer tuner use to match antennas
 - D. The push to talk function which switches between receive and transmit
8. Which of the following describes combining speech with an RF carrier signal?
 - A. Impedance matching
 - B. Oscillation
 - C. Modulation
 - D. Low-pass filtering
9. Which of the following devices is most useful for VHF weak-signal communication?
 - A. A quarter-wave vertical antenna
 - B. A multi-mode VHF transceiver
 - C. An omni-directional antenna
 - D. A mobile VHF FM transceiver
10. What device increases the low-power output from a handheld transceiver?
 - A. A voltage divider
 - B. An RF power amplifier
 - C. An impedance network
 - D. All of these choices are correct
11. Where is an RF preamplifier installed?
 - A. Between the antenna and receiver
 - B. At the output of the transmitter's power amplifier
 - C. Between a transmitter and antenna tuner
 - D. At the receiver's audio output

Group T7B – Radio Frequency Interference (RFI)

Creating a Clean Signal

- If you are told your FM handheld or mobile transceiver is over-deviating, you can **talk farther away from the microphone**
- **All of the following** may be a cause of radio frequency interference
 - Fundamental overload
 - Harmonics
 - Spurious emissions
- A symptom of RF feedback in a transmitter or transceiver is **reports of garbled, distorted, or unintelligible transmissions**
- **All of the following** might be the problem if you receive a report that your audio signal through the repeater is distorted or unintelligible
 - Your transmitter may be slightly off frequency
 - Your batteries may be running low
 - You could be in a bad location
- **All of the following** may be useful in correcting a radio frequency interference problem:
 - Snap-on ferrite chokes
 - Low-pass and high-pass filters
 - Band-reject and band-pass filters

Reducing Susceptibility

- If a neighbor tells you that your station's transmissions are interfering with their radio or TV reception, you should **make sure that your station is functioning properly and that it does not cause interference to your own radio or television when it is tuned to the same channel**
- A broadcast AM or FM radio could unintentionally receive an amateur radio transmission if **the receiver is unable to reject strong signals outside the AM or FM band**
- To reduced or eliminated the overload of a non-amateur radio or TV receiver by an amateur signal, **block the amateur signal with a filter at the antenna input of the affected receiver**
- A first step to resolve cable TV interference from your ham radio transmission is to **be sure all TV coaxial connectors are installed properly**
- A way to reduce or eliminate interference by an amateur transmitter to a nearby telephone is to **put a RF filter on the telephone**

Mitigating RF Noise

- A Part 15 device is an **unlicensed device that may emit low powered radio signals on frequencies used by a licensed service**
- If something in a neighbor's home is causing harmful interference to your amateur station, **all of the following** are correct actions:
 - Work with your neighbor to identify the offending device
 - Politely inform your neighbor about the rules that prohibit the use of devices which cause interference
 - Check your station and make sure it meets the standards of good amateur practice

Group T7B – Radio Frequency Interference (RFI)

1. What can you do if you are told your FM handheld or mobile transceiver is over-deviating?
 - A. Talk louder into the microphone
 - B. Let the transceiver cool off
 - C. Change to a higher power level
 - D. Talk farther away from the microphone
2. What would cause a broadcast AM or FM radio to receive an amateur radio transmission unintentionally?
 - A. The receiver is unable to reject strong signals outside the AM or FM band
 - B. The microphone gain of the transmitter is turned up too high
 - C. The audio amplifier of the transmitter is overloaded
 - D. The deviation of an FM transmitter is set too low
3. Which of the following may be a cause of radio frequency interference?
 - A. Fundamental overload
 - B. Harmonics
 - C. Spurious emissions
 - D. All of these choices are correct
4. Which of the following is a way to reduce or eliminate interference by an amateur transmitter to a nearby telephone?
 - A. Put a filter on the amateur transmitter
 - B. Reduce the microphone gain
 - C. Reduce the SWR on the transmitter transmission line
 - D. Put a RF filter on the telephone
5. How can overload of a non-amateur radio or TV receiver by an amateur signal be reduced or eliminated?
 - A. Block the amateur signal with a filter at the antenna input of the affected receiver
 - B. Block the interfering signal with a filter on the amateur transmitter
 - C. Switch the transmitter from FM to SSB
 - D. Switch the transmitter to a narrow-band mode
6. Which of the following actions should you take if a neighbor tells you that your station's transmissions are interfering with their radio or TV reception?
 - A. Make sure that your station is functioning properly and that it does not cause interference to your own radio or television when it is tuned to the same channel
 - B. Immediately turn off your transmitter and contact the nearest FCC office for assistance
 - C. Tell them that your license gives you the right to transmit and nothing can be done to reduce the interference
 - D. Install a harmonic doubler on the output of your transmitter and tune it until the interference is eliminated
7. Which of the following may be useful in correcting a radio frequency interference problem?
 - A. Snap-on ferrite chokes
 - B. Low-pass and high-pass filters
 - C. Band-reject and band-pass filters
 - D. All of these choices are correct
8. What should you do if something in a neighbor's home is causing harmful interference to your amateur station?
 - A. Work with your neighbor to identify the offending device
 - B. Politely inform your neighbor about the rules that prohibit the use of devices which cause interference
 - C. Check your station and make sure it meets the standards of good amateur practice
 - D. All of these choices are correct
9. What is a Part 15 device?
 - A. An unlicensed device that may emit low powered radio signals on frequencies used by a licensed service
 - B. A type of amateur radio that can legally be used in the citizen's band
 - C. A device for long distance communications using special codes sanctioned by the International Amateur Radio Union
 - D. A type of test set used to determine whether a transmitter is in compliance with FCC regulation 91.15
10. What might be the problem if you receive a report that your audio signal through the repeater is distorted or unintelligible?
 - A. Your transmitter may be slightly off frequency
 - B. Your batteries may be running low
 - C. You could be in a bad location
 - D. All of these choices are correct
11. What is a symptom of RF feedback in a transmitter or transceiver?
 - A. Excessive SWR at the antenna connection
 - B. The transmitter will not stay on the desired frequency
 - C. Reports of garbled, distorted, or unintelligible transmissions
 - D. Frequent blowing of power supply fuses
12. What might be the first step to resolve cable TV interference from your ham radio transmission?
 - A. Add a low pass filter to the TV antenna input
 - B. Add a high pass filter to the TV antenna input
 - C. Add a preamplifier to the TV antenna input
 - D. Be sure all TV coaxial connectors are installed properly

Coaxial cable

- A common use of coaxial cable is **carrying RF signals between a radio and antenna**
- The power lost in a feed line **is converted into heat**
- The most common cause for failure of coaxial cables is **moisture contamination**
- The outer jacket of coaxial cable should be resistant to ultraviolet light because **ultraviolet light can damage the jacket and allow water to enter the cable**
- When compared to foam or solid dielectric types, a disadvantage of air core coaxial cable is that **it requires special techniques to prevent water absorption**

Antenna Analyzer

- **An antenna analyzer** can be used to determine if an antenna is resonant at the desired operating frequency

Standing Wave Ratio

- The standing wave ratio (SWR) is **a measure of how well a load is matched to a transmission line**
- A reading of **1 to 1** on an SWR meter indicates a perfect impedance match between the antenna and the feed line
- An approximate SWR value of **2 to 1** and above causes the protection circuits in most solid-state transmitters begin to reduce transmitter power
- An SWR reading of 4:1 indicates an **impedance mismatch**
- Instead of an SWR meter you could use a **directional wattmeter** to determine if a feed line and antenna are properly matched

Dummy Load

- The primary purpose of a dummy load is **to prevent the radiation of signals when making tests**
- A dummy load consist of **a non-inductive resistor and a heat sink**

Group T7C – Antenna System Measurements

1. What is the primary purpose of a dummy load?
 - A. To prevent the radiation of signals when making tests
 - B. To prevent over-modulation of your transmitter
 - C. To improve the radiation from your antenna
 - D. To improve the signal to noise ratio of your receiver
2. Which of the following instruments can be used to determine if an antenna is resonant at the desired operating frequency?
 - A. A VTVM
 - B. An antenna analyzer
 - C. A Q meter
 - D. A frequency counter
3. What, in general terms, is standing wave ratio (SWR)?
 - A. A measure of how well a load is matched to a transmission line
 - B. The ratio of high to low impedance in a feed line
 - C. The transmitter efficiency ratio
 - D. An indication of the quality of your station's ground connection
4. What reading on an SWR meter indicates a perfect impedance match between the antenna and the feed line?
 - A. 2 to 1
 - B. 1 to 3
 - C. 1 to 1
 - D. 10 to 1
5. What is the approximate SWR value above which the protection circuits in most solid-state transmitters begin to reduce transmitter power?
 - A. 2 to 1
 - B. 1 to 2
 - C. 6 to 1
 - D. 10 to 1
6. What does an SWR reading of 4:1 indicate?
 - A. Loss of -4dB
 - B. Good impedance match
 - C. Gain of +4dB
 - D. Impedance mismatch
7. What happens to power lost in a feed line?
 - A. It increases the SWR
 - B. It comes back into your transmitter and could cause damage
 - C. It is converted into heat
 - D. It can cause distortion of your signal
8. What instrument other than an SWR meter could you use to determine if a feed line and antenna are properly matched?
 - A. Voltmeter
 - B. Ohmmeter
 - C. Iambic pentameter
 - D. Directional wattmeter
9. Which of the following is the most common cause for failure of coaxial cables?
 - A. Moisture contamination
 - B. Gamma rays
 - C. The velocity factor exceeds 1.0
 - D. Overloading
10. Why should the outer jacket of coaxial cable be resistant to ultraviolet light?
 - A. Ultraviolet resistant jackets prevent harmonic radiation
 - B. Ultraviolet light can increase losses in the cable's jacket
 - C. Ultraviolet and RF signals can mix together, causing interference
 - D. Ultraviolet light can damage the jacket and allow water to enter the cable
11. What is a disadvantage of air core coaxial cable when compared to foam or solid dielectric types?
 - A. It has more loss per foot
 - B. It cannot be used for VHF or UHF antennas
 - C. It requires special techniques to prevent water absorption
 - D. It cannot be used at below freezing temperatures
12. Which of the following is a common use of coaxial cable?
 - A. Carrying dc power from a vehicle battery to a mobile radio
 - B. Carrying RF signals between a radio and antenna
 - C. Securing masts, tubing, and other cylindrical objects on towers
 - D. Connecting data signals from a TNC to a computer
13. What does a dummy load consist of?
 - A. A high-gain amplifier and a TR switch
 - B. A non-inductive resistor and a heat sink
 - C. A low voltage power supply and a DC relay
 - D. A 50 ohm reactance used to terminate a transmission line

Voltage Measurement

- You would use a **voltmeter** to measure electric potential or electromotive force
- The correct way to connect a voltmeter to a circuit is **in parallel with the circuit**
- When measuring high voltages with a voltmeter, **ensure that the voltmeter and leads are rated for use at the voltages to be measured**

Current Measurement

- An **ammeter** is used to measure electric current
- An ammeter is usually connected **in series with the circuit** being measured

Resistance Measurement

- An **ohmmeter** is used to measure resistance
- When measuring circuit resistance with an ohmmeter, **ensure that the circuit is not powered**
- If an ohmmeter, connected across an unpowered circuit, initially indicates a low resistance and then shows increasing resistance with time, then probably **the circuit contains a large capacitor**

Multimeters

- **Voltage and resistance** measurements are commonly made using a multimeter
- **Attempting to measure voltage when using the resistance setting** can damage a multimeter

Solder

- **Rosin-core solder** is best for radio and electronic use
- The characteristic appearance of a cold solder joint is **a grainy or dull surface**

Group T7D – At the Workbench

- Which instrument would you use to measure electric potential or electromotive force?
 - An ammeter
 - A voltmeter
 - A wavemeter
 - An ohmmeter
- What is the correct way to connect a voltmeter to a circuit?
 - In series with the circuit
 - In parallel with the circuit
 - In quadrature with the circuit
 - In phase with the circuit
- How is an ammeter usually connected to a circuit?
 - In series with the circuit
 - In parallel with the circuit
 - In quadrature with the circuit
 - In phase with the circuit
- Which instrument is used to measure electric current?
 - An ohmmeter
 - A wavemeter
 - A voltmeter
 - An ammeter
- What instrument is used to measure resistance?
 - An oscilloscope
 - A spectrum analyzer
 - A noise bridge
 - An ohmmeter
- Which of the following might damage a multimeter?
 - Measuring a voltage too small for the chosen scale
 - Leaving the meter in the milliamps position overnight
 - Attempting to measure voltage when using the resistance setting
 - Not allowing it to warm up properly
- Which of the following measurements are commonly made using a multimeter?
 - SWR and RF power
 - Signal strength and noise
 - Impedance and reactance
 - Voltage and resistance
- Which of the following types of solder is best for radio and electronic use?
 - Acid-core solder
 - Silver solder
 - Rosin-core solder
 - Aluminum solder
- What is the characteristic appearance of a cold solder joint?
 - Dark black spots
 - A bright or shiny surface
 - A grainy or dull surface
 - A greenish tint
- What is probably happening when an ohmmeter, connected across an unpowered circuit, initially indicates a low resistance and then shows increasing resistance with time?
 - The ohmmeter is defective
 - The circuit contains a large capacitor
 - The circuit contains a large inductor
 - The circuit is a relaxation oscillator
- Which of the following precautions should be taken when measuring circuit resistance with an ohmmeter?
 - Ensure that the applied voltages are correct
 - Ensure that the circuit is not powered
 - Ensure that the circuit is grounded
 - Ensure that the circuit is operating at the correct frequency
- Which of the following precautions should be taken when measuring high voltages with a voltmeter?
 - Ensure that the voltmeter has very low impedance
 - Ensure that the voltmeter and leads are rated for use at the voltages to be measured
 - Ensure that the circuit is grounded through the voltmeter
 - Ensure that the voltmeter is set to the correct frequency

Continuous Wave (CW)

- **CW** has the narrowest bandwidth
- The approximate maximum bandwidth required to transmit a CW signal is **150 Hz**

Single Sideband (SSB)

- **Single sideband** is a form of amplitude modulation
- The approximate bandwidth of a single sideband voice signal is **3 kHz**
- As a voice mode, **SSB** is most often used for long-distance (weak signal) contacts on the VHF and UHF bands
- For voice transmissions, the primary advantage of single sideband over FM is **SSB signals have narrower bandwidth**
- **Upper sideband** is normally used for 10 meter HF, VHF and UHF single-sideband communications

Frequency Modulation (FM)

- The approximate bandwidth of a VHF repeater FM phone signal is **between 10 and 15 kHz**
- **FM** is most commonly used for VHF and UHF voice repeaters
- **FM** is most commonly used for VHF packet radio transmissions

Television (TV)

- The typical bandwidth of analog fast-scan TV transmissions on the 70 cm band is **about 6 MHz**

Group T8A – Signal Modulation

1. Which of the following is a form of amplitude modulation?
 - A. Spread-spectrum
 - B. Packet radio
 - C. Single sideband
 - D. Phase shift keying
2. What type of modulation is most commonly used for VHF packet radio transmissions?
 - A. FM
 - B. SSB
 - C. AM
 - D. Spread Spectrum
3. Which type of voice mode is most often used for long-distance (weak signal) contacts on the VHF and UHF bands?
 - A. FM
 - B. DRM
 - C. SSB
 - D. PM
4. Which type of modulation is most commonly used for VHF and UHF voice repeaters?
 - A. AM
 - B. SSB
 - C. PSK
 - D. FM
5. Which of the following types of emission has the narrowest bandwidth?
 - A. FM voice
 - B. SSB voice
 - C. CW
 - D. Slow-scan TV
6. Which sideband is normally used for 10 meter HF, VHF and UHF single-sideband communications?
 - A. Upper sideband
 - B. Lower sideband
 - C. Suppressed sideband
 - D. Inverted sideband
7. What is the primary advantage of single sideband over FM for voice transmissions?
 - A. SSB signals are easier to tune
 - B. SSB signals are less susceptible to interference
 - C. SSB signals have narrower bandwidth
 - D. All of these choices are correct
8. What is the approximate bandwidth of a single sideband voice signal?
 - A. 1 kHz
 - B. 3 kHz
 - C. 6 kHz
 - D. 15 kHz
9. What is the approximate bandwidth of a VHF repeater FM phone signal?
 - A. Less than 500 Hz
 - B. About 150 kHz
 - C. Between 10 and 15 kHz
 - D. Between 50 and 125 kHz
10. What is the typical bandwidth of analog fast-scan TV transmissions on the 70 cm band?
 - A. More than 10 MHz
 - B. About 6 MHz
 - C. About 3 MHz
 - D. About 1 MHz
11. What is the approximate maximum bandwidth required to transmit a CW signal?
 - A. 2.4 kHz
 - B. 150 Hz
 - C. 1000 Hz
 - D. 15 kHz

Privilege

- **Any amateur whose license privileges allow them to transmit on the satellite uplink frequency** may be the control operator of a station communicating through an amateur satellite or space station
- **Any amateur holding a Technician or higher class license** may make contact with an amateur station on the International Space Station using 2 meter and 70 cm band amateur radio frequencies

Software Programs

- **All of the following** are provided by satellite tracking programs
 - Maps showing the real-time position of the satellite track over the earth
 - The time, azimuth, and elevation of the start, maximum altitude, and end of a pass
 - The apparent frequency of the satellite transmission, including effects of Doppler shift
- **The Keplerian elements** (satellite orbit parameters) are inputs to a satellite tracking program

Practices

- That a satellite is operating in mode U/V means that **the satellite uplink is in the 70 cm band and the downlink is in the 2 meter band**
- The transmitter power used on the uplink frequency of an amateur satellite or space station should be **the minimum amount of power needed to complete the contact**
- **FM Packet** is a commonly used method of sending signals to and from a digital satellite

Satellite specific

- In satellite communications, Doppler shift is **an observed change in signal frequency caused by relative motion between the satellite and the earth station**
- Spin fading is caused by **rotation of the satellite and its antennas**
- The initials LEO indicate that **the satellite is in a Low Earth Orbit**
- A satellite beacon is **a transmission from a space station that contains information about a satellite**

Group T8B – Space Communications

- Who may be the control operator of a station communicating through an amateur satellite or space station?
 - Only an Amateur Extra Class operator
 - A General Class licensee or higher licensee who has a satellite operator certification
 - Only an Amateur Extra Class operator who is also an AMSAT member
 - Any amateur whose license privileges allow them to transmit on the satellite uplink frequency
- How much transmitter power should be used on the uplink frequency of an amateur satellite or space station?
 - The maximum power of your transmitter
 - The minimum amount of power needed to complete the contact
 - No more than half the rating of your linear amplifier
 - Never more than 1 watt
- Which of the following are provided by satellite tracking programs?
 - Maps showing the real-time position of the satellite track over the earth
 - The time, azimuth, and elevation of the start, maximum altitude, and end of a pass
 - The apparent frequency of the satellite transmission, including effects of Doppler shift
 - All of these answers are correct
- Which amateur stations may make contact with an amateur station on the International Space Station using 2 meter and 70 cm band amateur radio frequencies?
 - Only members of amateur radio clubs at NASA facilities
 - Any amateur holding a Technician or higher class license
 - Only the astronaut's family members who are hams
 - You cannot talk to the ISS on amateur radio frequencies
- What is a satellite beacon?
 - The primary transmit antenna on the satellite
 - An indicator light that shows where to point your antenna
 - A reflective surface on the satellite
 - A transmission from a space station that contains information about a satellite
- Which of the following are inputs to a satellite tracking program?
 - The weight of the satellite
 - The Keplerian elements
 - The last observed time of zero Doppler shift
 - All of these answers are correct
- With regard to satellite communications, what is Doppler shift?
 - A change in the satellite orbit
 - A mode where the satellite receives signals on one band and transmits on another
 - An observed change in signal frequency caused by relative motion between the satellite and the earth station
 - A special digital communications mode for some satellites
- What is meant by the statement that a satellite is operating in mode U/V?
 - The satellite uplink is in the 15 meter band and the downlink is in the 10 meter band
 - The satellite uplink is in the 70 cm band and the downlink is in the 2 meter band
 - The satellite operates using ultraviolet frequencies
 - The satellite frequencies are usually variable
- What causes spin fading when referring to satellite signals?
 - Circular polarized noise interference radiated from the sun
 - Rotation of the satellite and its antennas
 - Doppler shift of the received signal
 - Interfering signals within the satellite uplink band
- What do the initials LEO tell you about an amateur satellite?
 - The satellite battery is in Low Energy Operation mode
 - The satellite is performing a Lunar Ejection Orbit maneuver
 - The satellite is in a Low Earth Orbit
 - The satellite uses Light Emitting Optics
- What is a commonly used method of sending signals to and from a digital satellite?
 - USB AFSK
 - PSK31
 - FM Packet
 - WSJT

Direction Finding

- **Radio direction finding** is used to locate sources of noise interference or jamming
- **A directional antenna** is useful for a hidden transmitter hunt

Contesting

- **Contesting** is a popular operating activity that involves contacting as many stations as possible during a specified period of time
- When contacting another station in a radio contest, **send only the minimum information needed for proper identification and the contest exchange**
- A grid locator is **a letter-number designator assigned to a geographic location**

Radio Control Models

- The maximum power allowed when transmitting telecommand signals to radio controlled models is **1 watt**
- When sending signals to a radio control model using amateur frequencies, instead of on-air station identification, there must be **a label indicating the licensee's name, call sign and address must be affixed to the transmitter**

Voice Over Internet Protocol (VoIP)

- As used in amateur radio, Voice Over Internet Protocol (VoIP) is **a method of delivering voice communications over the Internet using digital techniques**
- **A gateway** is an amateur radio station that is used to connect other amateur stations to the Internet
- You might obtain a list of active nodes that use VoIP **from a repeater directory**

Internet Radio Linking Project (IRLP)

- Internet Radio Linking Project (IRLP) is **a technique to connect amateur radio systems, such as repeaters, via the Internet using Voice Over Internet Protocol**
- Access to an IRLP node is accomplished **by using DTMF signals**
- To select a specific IRLP node when using a portable transceiver, **use the keypad to transmit the IRLP node ID**

Group T8C – Amateur Activities

- Which of the following methods is used to locate sources of noise interference or jamming?
 - Echolocation
 - Doppler radar
 - Radio direction finding
 - Phase locking
- Which of these items would be useful for a hidden transmitter hunt?
 - Calibrated SWR meter
 - A directional antenna
 - A calibrated noise bridge
 - All of these choices are correct
- What popular operating activity involves contacting as many stations as possible during a specified period of time?
 - Contesting
 - Net operations
 - Public service events
 - Simulated emergency exercises
- Which of the following is good procedure when contacting another station in a radio contest?
 - Be sure to sign only the last two letters of your call if there is a pileup calling the station
 - Work the station twice to be sure that you are in his log
 - Send only the minimum information needed for proper identification and the contest exchange
 - All of these choices are correct
- What is a grid locator?
 - A letter-number designator assigned to a geographic location
 - A letter-number designator assigned to an azimuth and elevation
 - An instrument for neutralizing a final amplifier
 - An instrument for radio direction finding
- How is access to an IRLP node accomplished?
 - By obtaining a password which is sent via voice to the node
 - By using DTMF signals
 - By entering the proper Internet password
 - By using CTCSS tone codes
- What is the maximum power allowed when transmitting telecommand signals to radio controlled models?
 - 500 milliwatts
 - 1 watt
 - 25 watts
 - 1500 watts
- What is required in place of on-air station identification when sending signals to a radio control model using amateur frequencies?
 - Voice identification must be transmitted every 10 minutes
 - Morse code ID must be sent once per hour
 - A label indicating the licensee's name, call sign and address must be affixed to the transmitter
 - A flag must be affixed to the transmitter antenna with the station call sign in 1 inch high letters or larger
- How might you obtain a list of active nodes that use VoIP?
 - From the FCC Rulebook
 - From your local emergency coordinator
 - From a repeater directory
 - From the local repeater frequency coordinator
- How do you select a specific IRLP node when using a portable transceiver?
 - Choose a specific CTCSS tone
 - Choose the correct DSC tone
 - Access the repeater autopatch
 - Use the keypad to transmit the IRLP node ID
- What name is given to an amateur radio station that is used to connect other amateur stations to the Internet?
 - A gateway
 - A repeater
 - A digipeater
 - A beacon
- What is meant by Voice Over Internet Protocol (VoIP) as used in amateur radio?
 - A set of rules specifying how to identify your station when linked over the Internet to another station
 - A set of guidelines for working DX during contests using Internet access
 - A technique for measuring the modulation quality of a transmitter using remote sites monitored via the Internet
 - A method of delivering voice communications over the Internet using digital techniques
- What is the Internet Radio Linking Project (IRLP)?
 - A technique to connect amateur radio systems, such as repeaters, via the Internet using Voice Over Internet Protocol
 - A system for providing access to websites via amateur radio
 - A system for informing amateurs in real time of the frequency of active DX stations
 - A technique for measuring signal strength of an amateur transmitter via the Internet

CW

- CW is sent using **International Morse**
- **All of the following** can be used to transmit CW in the amateur bands
 - Straight Key
 - Electronic Keyer
 - Computer Keyboard

Digital

- Digital communications methods include **all of the following** examples
 - Packet
 - PSK31
 - MFSK
- **All the following** may be included in packet transmissions
 - A check sum which permits error detection
 - A header which contains the call sign of the station to which the information is being sent
 - Automatic repeat request in case of error
- PSK means **Phase Shift Keying**
- PSK31 is a **low-rate data transmission mode**
- An ARQ transmission system is a **digital scheme whereby the receiving station detects errors and sends a request to the sending station to retransmit the information**

Automatic Packet Reporting System (APRS)

- “APRS” means **Automatic Packet Reporting System**
- An example of an application of APRS (Automatic Packet Reporting System) is **providing real time tactical digital communications in conjunction with a map showing the locations of stations**
- A **Global Positioning System receiver** provides data to the transmitter when sending automatic position reports from a mobile amateur radio station

TV

- The term NTSC refers to **an analog fast scan color TV signal**

Group T8D – Digital Communications and TV

1. Which of the following is an example of a digital communications method?
 - A. Packet
 - B. PSK31
 - C. MFSK
 - D. All of these choices are correct
2. What does the term “APRS” mean?
 - A. Automatic Packet Reporting System
 - B. Associated Public Radio Station
 - C. Auto Planning Radio Set-up
 - D. Advanced Polar Radio System
3. Which of the following devices provides data to the transmitter when sending automatic position reports from a mobile amateur radio station?
 - A. The vehicle speedometer
 - B. A WWV receiver
 - C. A connection to a broadcast FM sub-carrier receiver
 - D. A Global Positioning System receiver
4. What type of transmission is indicated by the term NTSC?
 - A. A Normal Transmission mode in Static Circuit
 - B. A special mode for earth satellite uplink
 - C. An analog fast scan color TV signal
 - D. A frame compression scheme for TV signals
5. Which of the following is an application of APRS (Automatic Packet Reporting System)?
 - A. Providing real time tactical digital communications in conjunction with a map showing the locations of stations
 - B. Showing automatically the number of packets transmitted via PACTOR during a specific time interval
 - C. Providing voice over Internet connection between repeaters
 - D. Providing information on the number of stations signed into a repeater
6. What does the abbreviation PSK mean?
 - A. Pulse Shift Keying
 - B. Phase Shift Keying
 - C. Packet Short Keying
 - D. Phased Slide Keying
7. What is PSK31?
 - A. A high-rate data transmission mode
 - B. A method of reducing noise interference to FM signals
 - C. A method of compressing digital television signals
 - D. A low-rate data transmission mode
8. Which of the following may be included in packet transmissions?
 - A. A check sum which permits error detection
 - B. A header which contains the call sign of the station to which the information is being sent
 - C. Automatic repeat request in case of error
 - D. All of these choices are correct
9. What code is used when sending CW in the amateur bands?
 - A. Baudot
 - B. Hamming
 - C. International Morse
 - D. Gray
10. Which of the following can be used to transmit CW in the amateur bands?
 - A. Straight Key
 - B. Electronic Keyer
 - C. Computer Keyboard
 - D. All of these choices are correct
11. What is an ARQ transmission system?
 - A. A special transmission format limited to video signals
 - B. A system used to encrypt command signals to an amateur radio satellite
 - C. A digital scheme whereby the receiving station detects errors and sends a request to the sending station to retransmit the information
 - D. A method of compressing the data in a message so more information can be sent in a shorter time

Polarization

- A simple dipole mounted so the conductor is parallel to the Earth's surface is **a horizontally polarized antenna**
- For vertical antennas, **the electric field is perpendicular to the Earth**

Electrical Length

- The approximate length, in inches, of a quarter-wavelength vertical antenna for 146 MHz has an approximate length of **19 inches**

$$0.95 \cdot \frac{\lambda}{4} = 0.95 \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{300 \text{ Mm}}{146 \text{ MHz}} \cdot \frac{39.37 \text{ in}}{\text{m}} = 19 \text{ in}$$

- A 6 meter 1/2-wavelength wire dipole antenna has an approximate length of **112 inches**

$$0.95 \cdot \frac{\lambda}{2} = 0.95 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 6 \text{ m} \cdot \frac{39.37 \text{ in}}{\text{m}} = 112 \text{ in}$$

- To make a dipole antenna resonant on a higher frequency, you would **shorten it**
- “Loading” an antenna refers to **inserting an inductor in the radiating portion of the antenna to make it electrically longer**

Rubber Duck Antennas

- A disadvantage of the “rubber duck” antenna supplied with most handheld radio transceivers is that **it does not transmit or receive as effectively as a full-sized antenna**
- A good reason not to use a “rubber duck” antenna inside your car is that **signals can be significantly weaker than when it is outside of the vehicle**

Radiation Pattern

- The direction in which the radiation is strongest from a half-wave dipole antenna in free space is **broadside to the antenna**
- The gain of an antenna is **the increase in signal strength in a specified direction when compared to a reference antenna**
- A beam antenna is **an antenna that concentrates signals in one direction**
- The quad, Yagi, and dish antennas are **directional antennas**
- A reason to use a properly mounted 5/8 wavelength antenna for VHF or UHF mobile service is that **it offers a lower angle of radiation and more gain than a 1/4 wavelength antenna and usually provides improved coverage**
- VHF or UHF mobile antennas are often mounted in the center of the vehicle roof because **a roof mounted antenna normally provides the most uniform radiation pattern**

Group T9A – Antennas

1. What is a beam antenna?
 - A. An antenna built from aluminum I-beams
 - B. An omnidirectional antenna invented by Clarence Beam
 - C. An antenna that concentrates signals in one direction
 - D. An antenna that reverses the phase of received signals
2. Which of the following is true regarding vertical antennas?
 - A. The magnetic field is perpendicular to the Earth
 - B. The electric field is perpendicular to the Earth
 - C. The phase is inverted
 - D. The phase is reversed
3. Which of the following describes a simple dipole mounted so the conductor is parallel to the Earth's surface?
 - A. A ground wave antenna
 - B. A horizontally polarized antenna
 - C. A rhombic antenna
 - D. A vertically polarized antenna
4. What is a disadvantage of the "rubber duck" antenna supplied with most handheld radio transceivers?
 - A. It does not transmit or receive as effectively as a full-sized antenna
 - B. It transmits a circularly polarized signal
 - C. If the rubber end cap is lost it will unravel very quickly
 - D. All of these choices are correct
5. How would you change a dipole antenna to make it resonant on a higher frequency?
 - A. Lengthen it
 - B. Insert coils in series with radiating wires
 - C. Shorten it
 - D. Add capacitive loading to the ends of the radiating wires
6. What type of antennas are the quad, Yagi, and dish?
 - A. Non-resonant antennas
 - B. Loop antennas
 - C. Directional antennas
 - D. Isotropic antennas
7. What is a good reason not to use a "rubber duck" antenna inside your car?
 - A. Signals can be significantly weaker than when it is outside of the vehicle
 - B. It might cause your radio to overheat
 - C. The SWR might decrease, decreasing the signal strength
 - D. All of these choices are correct
8. What is the approximate length, in inches, of a quarter-wavelength vertical antenna for 146 MHz?
 - A. 112
 - B. 50
 - C. 19
 - D. 12
9. What is the approximate length, in inches, of a 6 meter 1/2-wavelength wire dipole antenna?
 - A. 6
 - B. 50
 - C. 112
 - D. 236
10. In which direction is the radiation strongest from a half-wave dipole antenna in free space?
 - A. Equally in all directions
 - B. Off the ends of the antenna
 - C. Broadside to the antenna
 - D. In the direction of the feed line
11. What is meant by the gain of an antenna?
 - A. The additional power that is added to the transmitter power
 - B. The additional power that is lost in the antenna when transmitting on a higher frequency
 - C. The increase in signal strength in a specified direction when compared to a reference antenna
 - D. The increase in impedance on receive or transmit compared to a reference antenna
12. What is a reason to use a properly mounted 5/8 wavelength antenna for VHF or UHF mobile service?
 - A. It offers a lower angle of radiation and more gain than a 1/4 wavelength antenna and usually provides improved coverage
 - B. It features a very high angle of radiation and is better for communicating via a repeater
 - C. The 5/8 wavelength antenna completely eliminates distortion caused by reflected signals
 - D. The 5/8 wavelength antenna offers a 10-times power gain over a 1/4 wavelength design
13. Why are VHF or UHF mobile antennas often mounted in the center of the vehicle roof?
 - A. Roof mounts have the lowest possible SWR of any mounting configuration
 - B. Only roof mounting can guarantee a vertically polarized signal
 - C. A roof mounted antenna normally provides the most uniform radiation pattern
 - D. Roof mounted antennas are always the easiest to install
14. Which of the following terms describes a type of loading when referring to an antenna?
 - A. Inserting an inductor in the radiating portion of the antenna to make it electrically longer
 - B. Inserting a resistor in the radiating portion of the antenna to make it resonant
 - C. Installing a spring at the base of the antenna to absorb the effects of collisions with other objects
 - D. Making the antenna heavier so it will resist wind effects when in motion

Coaxial cables

- The reason that coaxial cable is used more often than any other feed line for amateur radio antenna systems is that **it is easy to use and requires few special installation considerations**
- As the frequency of a signal passing through coaxial cable is increased, **the loss increases**
- **Air-insulated hard line** has the lowest loss at VHF and UHF frequencies
- In typical amateur radio installations, the impedance of the most commonly used coaxial cable is **50 ohms**
- The electrical difference between the smaller RG-58 and larger RG-8 coaxial cables is that the **RG-8 cable has less loss at a given frequency**

Connectors

- PL-259 type coax connectors **are commonly used at HF frequencies**
- **A Type N connector** is the more suitable connector for frequencies above 400 MHz
- Coax connectors that are exposed to the weather should be sealed against water intrusion **to prevent an increase in feed line loss**

Maintaining Low SWR

- It is important to have a low SWR in an antenna system that uses coaxial cable feed line in order **to allow the efficient transfer of power and reduce losses**
- An antenna tuner **matches the antenna system impedance to the transceiver's output impedance**
- Erratic changes in SWR readings could be caused by a **loose connection in an antenna or a feed line**

Group T9B – Coaxial Cable

- Why is it important to have a low SWR in an antenna system that uses coaxial cable feed line?
 - To reduce television interference
 - To allow the efficient transfer of power and reduce losses
 - To prolong antenna life
 - All of these choices are correct
- What is the impedance of the most commonly used coaxial cable in typical amateur radio installations?
 - 8 ohms
 - 50 ohms
 - 600 ohms
 - 12 ohms
- Why is coaxial cable used more often than any other feed line for amateur radio antenna systems?
 - It is easy to use and requires few special installation considerations
 - It has less loss than any other type of feed line
 - It can handle more power than any other type of feed line
 - It is less expensive than any other types of feed line
- What does an antenna tuner do?
 - It matches the antenna system impedance to the transceiver's output impedance
 - It helps a receiver automatically tune in weak stations
 - It allows an antenna to be used on both transmit and receive
 - It automatically selects the proper antenna for the frequency band being used
- What generally happens as the frequency of a signal passing through coaxial cable is increased?
 - The apparent SWR increases
 - The reflected power increases
 - The characteristic impedance increases
 - The loss increases
- Which of the following connectors is most suitable for frequencies above 400 MHz?
 - A UHF (PL-259/SO-239) connector
 - A Type N connector
 - An RS-213 connector
 - A DB-25 connector
- Which of the following is true of PL-259 type coax connectors?
 - They are preferred for microwave operation
 - They are water tight
 - They are commonly used at HF frequencies
 - They are a bayonet type connector
- Why should coax connectors exposed to the weather be sealed against water intrusion?
 - To prevent an increase in feed line loss
 - To prevent interference to telephones
 - To keep the jacket from becoming loose
 - All of these choices are correct
- What might cause erratic changes in SWR readings?
 - The transmitter is being modulated
 - A loose connection in an antenna or a feed line
 - The transmitter is being over-modulated
 - Interference from other stations is distorting your signal
- What electrical difference exists between the smaller RG-58 and larger RG-8 coaxial cables?
 - There is no significant difference between the two types
 - RG-58 cable has less loss at a given frequency
 - RG-8 cable has less loss at a given frequency
 - RG-58 cable can handle higher power levels
- Which of the following types of feed line has the lowest loss at VHF and UHF?
 - 50-ohm flexible coax
 - Multi-conductor unbalanced cable
 - Air-insulated hard line
 - 75-ohm flexible coax

Electrical Shock

- Current flowing through the body causes **all of the following** health hazards
 - By heating tissue
 - It disrupts the electrical functions of cells
 - It causes involuntary muscle contractions
- **All of the following** are good ways to guard against electrical shock at your station
 - Use three-wire cords and plugs for all AC powered equipment
 - Connect all AC powered station equipment to a common safety ground
 - Use a circuit protected by a ground-fault interrupter
- The green wire in a three-wire electrical AC plug is connected to the **safety ground**
- A hazard that might exist in a power supply when it is turned off and disconnected is that **you might receive an electric shock from the charged stored in large capacitors**

Fire Safety

- The purpose of a fuse in an electrical circuit is to **interrupt power in case of overload**
- It is unwise to install a 20-ampere fuse in the place of a 5-ampere fuse because **excessive current could cause a fire**
- **A fuse or circuit breaker in series with the AC hot conductor** should always be included in home-built equipment that is powered from 120V AC power circuits

Battery safety

- A hazard that is presented by a conventional 12-volt storage battery is that **explosive gas can collect if not properly vented**
- If a lead-acid storage battery is charged or discharged too quickly **the battery could overheat and give off flammable gas or explode**
- A safety hazard of a 12-volt storage battery is that **shorting the terminals can cause burns, fire, or an explosion**

Lightning Protection

- A precaution that should be taken when installing devices for lightning protection in a coaxial cable feed line is to **ground all of the protectors to a common plate which is in turn connected to an external ground**

Group TOA – Electrical Safety

- Which of the following is a safety hazard of a 12-volt storage battery?
 - Touching both terminals with the hands can cause electrical shock
 - Shorting the terminals can cause burns, fire, or an explosion
 - RF emissions from the battery
 - All of these choices are correct
- How does current flowing through the body cause a health hazard?
 - By heating tissue
 - It disrupts the electrical functions of cells
 - It causes involuntary muscle contractions
 - All of these choices are correct
- What is connected to the green wire in a three-wire electrical AC plug?
 - Neutral
 - Hot
 - Safety ground
 - The white wire
- What is the purpose of a fuse in an electrical circuit?
 - To prevent power supply ripple from damaging a circuit
 - To interrupt power in case of overload
 - To limit current to prevent shocks
 - All of these choices are correct
- Why is it unwise to install a 20-ampere fuse in the place of a 5-ampere fuse?
 - The larger fuse would be likely to blow because it is rated for higher current
 - The power supply ripple would greatly increase
 - Excessive current could cause a fire
 - All of these choices are correct
- What is a good way to guard against electrical shock at your station?
 - Use three-wire cords and plugs for all AC powered equipment
 - Connect all AC powered station equipment to a common safety ground
 - Use a circuit protected by a ground-fault interrupter
 - All of these choices are correct
- Which of these precautions should be taken when installing devices for lightning protection in a coaxial cable feed line?
 - Include a parallel bypass switch for each protector so that it can be switched out of the circuit when running high power
 - Include a series switch in the ground line of each protector to prevent RF overload from inadvertently damaging the protector
 - Keep the ground wires from each protector separate and connected to station ground
 - Ground all of the protectors to a common plate which is in turn connected to an external ground
- What safety equipment should always be included in home-built equipment that is powered from 120V AC power circuits?
 - A fuse or circuit breaker in series with the AC hot conductor
 - An AC voltmeter across the incoming power source
 - An inductor in series with the AC power source
 - A capacitor across the AC power source
- What kind of hazard is presented by a conventional 12-volt storage battery?
 - It emits ozone which can be harmful to the atmosphere
 - Shock hazard due to high voltage
 - Explosive gas can collect if not properly vented
 - All of these choices are correct
- What can happen if a lead-acid storage battery is charged or discharged too quickly?
 - The battery could overheat and give off flammable gas or explode
 - The voltage can become reversed
 - The memory effect will reduce the capacity of the battery
 - All of these choices are correct
- What kind of hazard might exist in a power supply when it is turned off and disconnected?
 - Static electricity could damage the grounding system
 - Circulating currents inside the transformer might cause damage
 - The fuse might blow if you remove the cover
 - You might receive an electric shock from the charged stored in large capacitors

Antenna Location

- Establish a minimum safe distance from a power line when installing an antenna **so that if the antenna falls unexpectedly, no part of it can come closer than 10 feet to the power wires**
- Avoid attaching an antenna to a utility pole because **the antenna could contact high-voltage power wires**

Work Crew Safety

- An important safety precaution to observe when putting up an antenna tower is to **look for and stay clear of any overhead electrical wires**
- A crank-up tower **must never be climbed unless it is in the fully retracted position**
- It is **never** safe to climb a tower without a helper or observer
- Before climbing an antenna tower, **put on a climbing harness and safety glasses**
- Members of a tower work team should wear hard hats and safety glasses **at all times when any work is being done on the tower**
- The purpose of a gin pole is **to lift tower sections or antennas**

Tower Grounding

- **Local electrical codes** establish grounding requirements for an amateur radio tower or antenna
- Proper grounding for a tower includes having **separate eight-foot long ground rods for each tower leg, bonded to the tower and each other**
- When installing ground wires on a tower for lightning protection, **ensure that connections are short and direct**
- **Sharp bends must be avoided** for the grounding conductors used for lightning protection

Group TOB – Antenna and Tower Safety

- When should members of a tower work team wear a hard hat and safety glasses?
 - At all times except when climbing the tower
 - At all times except when belted firmly to the tower
 - At all times when any work is being done on the tower
 - Only when the tower exceeds 30 feet in height
- What is a good precaution to observe before climbing an antenna tower?
 - Make sure that you wear a grounded wrist strap
 - Remove all tower grounding connections
 - Put on a climbing harness and safety glasses
 - All of these choices are correct
- Under what circumstances is it safe to climb a tower without a helper or observer?
 - When no electrical work is being performed
 - When no mechanical work is being performed
 - When the work being done is not more than 20 feet above the ground
 - Never
- Which of the following is an important safety precaution to observe when putting up an antenna tower?
 - Wear a ground strap connected to your wrist at all times
 - Insulate the base of the tower to avoid lightning strikes
 - Look for and stay clear of any overhead electrical wires
 - All of these choices are correct
- What is the purpose of a gin pole?
 - To temporarily replace guy wires
 - To be used in place of a safety harness
 - To lift tower sections or antennas
 - To provide a temporary ground
- What is the minimum safe distance from a power line to allow when installing an antenna?
 - Half the width of your property
 - The height of the power line above ground
 - 1/2 wavelength at the operating frequency
 - So that if the antenna falls unexpectedly, no part of it can come closer than 10 feet to the power wires
- Which of the following is an important safety rule to remember when using a crank-up tower?
 - This type of tower must never be painted
 - This type of tower must never be grounded
 - This type of tower must never be climbed unless it is in the fully retracted position
 - All of these choices are correct
- What is considered to be a proper grounding method for a tower?
 - A single four-foot ground rod, driven into the ground no more than 12 inches from the base
 - A ferrite-core RF choke connected between the tower and ground
 - Separate eight-foot long ground rods for each tower leg, bonded to the tower and each other
 - A connection between the tower base and a cold water pipe
- Why should you avoid attaching an antenna to a utility pole?
 - The antenna will not work properly because of induced voltages
 - The utility company will charge you an extra monthly fee
 - The antenna could contact high-voltage power wires
 - All of these choices are correct
- Which of the following is true concerning grounding conductors used for lightning protection?
 - Only non-insulated wire must be used
 - Wires must be carefully routed with precise right-angle bends
 - Sharp bends must be avoided
 - Common grounds must be avoided
- Which of the following establishes grounding requirements for an amateur radio tower or antenna?
 - FCC Part 97 Rules
 - Local electrical codes
 - FAA tower lighting regulations
 - Underwriters Laboratories' recommended practices
- Which of the following is good practice when installing ground wires on a tower for lightning protection?
 - Put a loop in the ground connection to prevent water damage to the ground system
 - Make sure that all bends in the ground wires are clean, right angle bends
 - Ensure that connections are short and direct
 - All of these choices are correct

Health Risk

- RF radiation differs from ionizing radiation (radioactivity) because **RF radiation does not have sufficient energy to cause genetic damage**
- VHF and UHF radio signals are **non-ionizing radiation**
- The exposure limits vary with frequency because **the human body absorbs more RF energy at some frequencies than at others**
- If a person accidentally touched your antenna while you were transmitting, **they might receive a painful RF burn**

Evaluating Risk

- **50 watts PEP at the antenna** is the maximum power level that an amateur radio station may use at VHF frequencies before an RF exposure evaluation is required
- **All of the following** are acceptable methods to determine that your station complies with FCC RF exposure regulations
 - By calculation based on FCC OET Bulletin 65
 - By calculation based on computer modeling
 - By measurement of field strength using calibrated equipment
- **All of the following** factors affect the RF exposure of people near an amateur station antenna:
 - Frequency and power level of the RF field
 - Distance from the antenna to a person
 - Radiation pattern of the antenna
- **50 MHz** has the lowest value for Maximum Permissible Exposure limit
- Duty cycle is one of the factors used to determine safe RF radiation exposure levels because **it affects the average exposure of people to radiation**
- In calculating the average time of RF exposure, the duty cycle is **the percentage of time that a transmitter is transmitting**

Managing Risk

- You can make sure your station stays in compliance with RF safety regulations **by re-evaluating the station whenever an item of equipment is changed**
- One way amateur operators can prevent exposure to RF radiation that exceed FCC-supplied limits is to **relocate antennas**
- If the averaging time for exposure is 6 minutes, **2 times as much** power density is permitted if the signal is present for 3 minutes and absent for 3 minutes rather than being present for the entire 6 minutes

Group TOC – RF Safety

1. What type of radiation are VHF and UHF radio signals?
 - A. Gamma radiation
 - B. Ionizing radiation
 - C. Alpha radiation
 - D. Non-ionizing radiation
2. Which of the following frequencies has the lowest value for Maximum Permissible Exposure limit?
 - A. 3.5 MHz
 - B. 50 MHz
 - C. 440 MHz
 - D. 1296 MHz
3. What is the maximum power level that an amateur radio station may use at VHF frequencies before an RF exposure evaluation is required?
 - A. 1500 watts PEP transmitter output
 - B. 1 watt forward power
 - C. 50 watts PEP at the antenna
 - D. 50 watts PEP reflected power
4. What factors affect the RF exposure of people near an amateur station antenna?
 - A. Frequency and power level of the RF field
 - B. Distance from the antenna to a person
 - C. Radiation pattern of the antenna
 - D. All of these choices are correct
5. Why do exposure limits vary with frequency?
 - A. Lower frequency RF fields have more energy than higher frequency fields
 - B. Lower frequency RF fields do not penetrate the human body
 - C. Higher frequency RF fields are transient in nature
 - D. The human body absorbs more RF energy at some frequencies than at others
6. Which of the following is an acceptable method to determine that your station complies with FCC RF exposure regulations?
 - A. By calculation based on FCC OET Bulletin 65
 - B. By calculation based on computer modeling
 - C. By measurement of field strength using calibrated equipment
 - D. All of these choices are correct
7. What could happen if a person accidentally touched your antenna while you were transmitting?
 - A. Touching the antenna could cause television interference
 - B. They might receive a painful RF burn
 - C. They might develop radiation poisoning
 - D. All of these choices are correct
8. Which of the following actions might amateur operators take to prevent exposure to RF radiation in excess of FCC-supplied limits?
 - A. Relocate antennas
 - B. Relocate the transmitter
 - C. Increase the duty cycle
 - D. All of these choices are correct
9. How can you make sure your station stays in compliance with RF safety regulations?
 - A. By informing the FCC of any changes made in your station
 - B. By re-evaluating the station whenever an item of equipment is changed
 - C. By making sure your antennas have low SWR
 - D. All of these choices are correct
10. Why is duty cycle one of the factors used to determine safe RF radiation exposure levels?
 - A. It affects the average exposure of people to radiation
 - B. It affects the peak exposure of people to radiation
 - C. It takes into account the antenna feed line loss
 - D. It takes into account the thermal effects of the final amplifier
11. What is the definition of duty cycle during the averaging time for RF exposure?
 - A. The difference between the lowest power output and the highest power output of a transmitter
 - B. The difference between the PEP and average power output of a transmitter
 - C. The percentage of time that a transmitter is transmitting
 - D. The percentage of time that a transmitter is not transmitting
12. How does RF radiation differ from ionizing radiation (radioactivity)?
 - A. RF radiation does not have sufficient energy to cause genetic damage
 - B. RF radiation can only be detected with an RF dosimeter
 - C. RF radiation is limited in range to a few feet
 - D. RF radiation is perfectly safe
13. If the averaging time for exposure is 6 minutes, how much power density is permitted if the signal is present for 3 minutes and absent for 3 minutes rather than being present for the entire 6 minutes?
 - A. 3 times as much
 - B. 1/2 as much
 - C. 2 times as much
 - D. There is no adjustment allowed for shorter exposure times

Resources for Perspective Radio Amateurs

Study Guides

- Dan Romanchik, KB6NU, *The No-Nonsense Technician Class License Study Guide*, <http://kb6nu.com/tech-manual/> – A narrative study guide presenting the knowledge tested by question pool. The study guide is available as a free version on-line, as an Amazon Kindle version, and as a Barnes & Noble Nook version.
- ARRL, *Ham Radio License Manual 3rd Edition*, ISBN 978-1-62595-013-0 – This text has well organized chapters on basic amateur radio. Very good on-line practice test aligns with both the manual's chapters and question pool sub-elements.
- Gordon West, WB6NOA, *Technician Class 2014-18 FCC Element 2 Radio License Preparation*, ISBN 978-0945053798, - A complete study guide with answers and explanations.

On-line Practice Exams

- <http://arrlexamreview.appspot.com/index.html> - requires registration and log-in
- <http://hamexam.org/>
- <http://www.qrz.com/ht/> – immediate feedback; requires registration and log-in
- <http://www.eham.net/exams/>
- <http://aa9pw.com/radio/technician/> – selectable sub-elements
- <https://hamstudy.org/> - Flashcards, questions, and practice test

Test Locations

- <http://www.arrl.org/find-an-amateur-radio-license-exam-session>

Question Pool

- Element 2 Technician Class, <http://ncvec.org/page.php?id=362>

FCC Rules for the Amateur Radio Service

- Title 47 CFR Part 97, http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/cfr/waisidx_08/47cfr97_08.html

Amateur Radio License Plate

Once you are licensed, get amateur radio vehicle license plates.

- <http://www.arrl.org/amateur-license-plate-information>
- In California it is a one-time fee without an annual renewal fee.
 - <http://dmv.ca.gov/pubs/vctop/d03/vc5005.htm>
 - Use Special License Plate Application, Form 17A, <http://apps.dmv.ca.gov/forms/reg/reg17a.pdf> and not Special Interest License Plate Application, Form 17.

License Search

- <http://wireless2.fcc.gov/UlsApp/UlsSearch/searchLicense.jsp>

Do you need to protect your home address privacy? When you take an Amateur Radio license exam, you must provide an FCC Registration Number (FRN). To obtain your FRN, the FCC registration website <https://apps.fcc.gov/coresWeb/publicHome.do> requires that you provide a contact address. The contact address that you provide becomes an FCC public record and can be viewed on-line. To protect your home address privacy, you may want to have a contact address, such as a post office box, that is different from your home address. If you are taking only the preparation course and not the license exam, you do not need an FRN.

Technician Class License
2014-2018 Question Pool Response Sheet with Answers

T1A

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T1D

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T2C

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T3A

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2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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9	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
11	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
12	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
13	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
14	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

T3B

	A	B	C	D
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T3C

	A	B	C	D
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6	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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T4A

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T4B

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T5A

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6	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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12	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
13	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<	

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T6A

	A	B	C	D
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T6B

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T6C

	A	B	C	D
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T6D

	A	B	C	D
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T7A

	A	B	C	D
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T7B

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T7C

	A	B	C	D
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T7D

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T8A

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T8B

	A	B	C	D
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T8C

	A	B	C	D
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T8D

	A	B	C	D
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T9A

	A	B	C	D
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T9B

	A	B	C	D
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6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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9	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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TOA

	A	B	C	D
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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11	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

TOB

	A	B	C	D
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TOC

	A	B	C	D
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Technician Class License
2014-2018 Question Pool Response Sheet

T1A

	A	B	C	D
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T1B

	A	B	C	D
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T1C

	A	B	C	D
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T1D

	A	B	C	D
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T1E

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T1F

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T2A

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T2B

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T2C

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T3A

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T3B

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T3C

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T4A

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T4B

	A	B	C	D
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T5A

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T5B

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T5C

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12	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
13	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

T5D

	A	B	C	D
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2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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11	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
12	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Technician Class License
2014-2018 Question Pool Response Sheet

T6A

	A	B	C	D
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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T6B

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4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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T6C

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T6D

	A	B	C	D
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3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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T7A

	A	B	C	D
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5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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T7B

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4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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T7C

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5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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T7D

	A	B	C	D
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T8A

	A	B	C	D
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T8B

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T8C

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T8D

	A	B	C	D
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T9A

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T9B

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TOA

	A	B	C	D
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10	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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TOB

	A	B	C	D
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TOC

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